

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

VOL. VIII No 39

GETTYSBURG TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7 1906

PRICE TWO CENTS

You Wouldn't Buy These Hats

If they were Yellow, but as they are **BROWN DERBIES** in up-to-date shapes and styles, we may be able to interest you at these prices.

\$3.00 Hats at \$1.98
\$2.50 " " \$1.48

All sizes. They are in the window. Come inside you can see them better.

Eckert's, Store
"On the square"

At The Walter Theatre HIAWATHA

Hiawatha is a simple Indian story telling of Hiawatha's meeting with Minnehaha. His killing of Pearl Feather and his successful wooing of the Arrow maker's daughter. The scenery and costumes are well chosen for this picture which is based on the Poem of Longfellow.

MYSTERIOUS TREASURE
BORN FOR TROUBLE
A LUCKLESS NAP

Drama
Comedy
Comedy

Seats on sale at Huber's Drug Store

Santa Claus Store

Get Your Tree Ornaments Here. Look at Our prices

Glass balls, from 1 c. to 25 cts.

Tinsel, from 1 c. per yd. to 5 cts per yd.

Tinsel Ornaments from 1 c. to 10 cts.

The finest display and the best in town for the prices.

See Our Special 25c. Letter Paper
Biggest thing for the price in town.

All Our Holiday Goods, especially low prices this year.

GETTYSBURG DEPARTMENT STORE

WIZARD THEATRE

Culture of Tea in Java

Industrial

Misadventures of a pair of Trousers

Comic

Country Life in a Flat

Comic

Illustrated Song

It is no proof of greatness to ignore the importance of dress

It is proof of good, sound common sense to insist upon absolute correctness in Style, Fit and Quality. You'll find clothes, satisfaction to the smallest detail, if you get your clothing made here.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

Patronize Your Home Laundry

We call for and deliver all work promptly and if there is any complaint we are always ready to correct it. When we do your work it goes to the laundry direct and is returned in good time. Telephone your order.

Gettysburg Steam Laundry

It costs you nothing to look over the stock of the Gettysburg Supply House.

Don't forget J. T. Riggeal's hog, cattle and post sale on Dec. 10th. Orrtanna, Pa.

For a good light use Gettysburg Supply House gas fixtures.

Eat Zeigler's bread

WANTED several good second hand stoves. Will trade furniture for same. Apply C. A. Sprengle, 142 Carlisle street.

Remember you are always welcome even though you don't buy anything at the Gettysburg Supply House.

Conkey's Roup Cure in the drinking water cures those sneezing, swollen-headed fowls. A 50c package makes 25 gallons of medicine. J. H. Collier, flower.

CURRENT COURT BUSINESS

Various Matters Taken up at Session of County Court. Divorce Cases. Viewers Appointed. Other Business Transacted on Monday.

The following business was transacted in Adams County Court on Monday.

All of the accounts as advertised were confirmed.

Petition for the appointment of a constable for the Borough of Biglerville granted and Jacob F. Quickle appointed to fill an unexpired term.

W. F. Watson appointed guardian for Jason Seifert, minor child of Kate Seifert, and bond in sum of \$500 approved.

Return of sale of George Meckley, administrator of Rachael Jacoby, confirmed nisi, to be confirmed absolute unless exceptions are filed prior to March 31, 1910.

Petition of Daniel G. Riely, a minor for money from his guardian, the Citizens' Trust Company for maintenance while learning his trade, granted.

First and final account of Donald P. McPherson, guardian of Ella Grace Currens, now Ella Grace Fox, confirmed and petitioner discharged.

First and final account of H. D. Bream, guardian of Curtis Everhart, confirmed and petitioner discharged.

J. L. Hill, Esq., appointed auditor to make distribution in the estate of Samuel B. Weist, deceased.

A nol pros was entered in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Charles Johnson charged with larceny.

Election of Susana M. Furney, widow of Jacob Furney, deceased, to accept the bequest in will in lieu of all right she might be entitled to, as against said will and under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth ordered to be filed and recorded.

Report of George M. Walter, auditor to make distribution of balance in hands of Agnes Hoffman, administratrix c. t. a. of George W. Hoffman, deceased, filed and confirmed nisi.

The petition of the County Commissioners, asking for the appointment of bridge inspectors of the bridge on the public road from Gettysburg to Fairfield granted and the following appointed: Captain Calvin Gilbert, William H. Johns, William H. Aughinbaugh.

The following cases were continued: R. E. Golden vs. H. Golden and John Hartlaub.

Adelaide Slaybaugh, admx., vs. Dr. J. W. Tudor.

Confirmation of the account and distribution of C. Taylor Leland, receiver of the Gettysburg Transit Company continued.

Elmer E. Lobaugh vs. Mary Lobaugh. Divorce proceedings. Norman S. Heindel, Esq., appointed commissioner to take testimony and report facts.

Emma Smeach vs. William H. Smeach. Divorce case. J. L. Butt filed his testimony and decree granted by the Court.

Petition of the trustee of the Menallen Monthly Meeting of Friends for an order of private sale of a tract of land in Butler township, to John A. Deardorff and German Baptist church of Marsh Creek, granted.

Petition of Charles B. Stoner and Catharine C. Stoner as individuals and as trustees for appointment of viewers to assess damages for taking of land and for appropriation of water by Hanover and McSherrystown Water Company granted and the following viewers appointed. Prof. John A. Himes, Jacob F. Bream, of Gettysburg, C. L. Longsdorf and G. Wilmer Koser, of Biglerville, and David L. Plank, of Straban township.

TEAM IS MISSING

A horse and buggy owned by Paul Kitzmiller, residing near Hendrix Station, was removed or stolen from the Hotel O'Bold sheds in Hanover, about 7 o'clock Saturday night. Officer Kiser, who was notified, telephoned the fact to all points nearby, but up to this time has learned nothing of the missing team.

CORRECTION

In our account of the Elks' Lodge of Sorrow yesterday we gave the name of Miss Hepford, of Harrisburg, as accompanist, instead of Mrs. Carey, of Baltimore.

HIGHWAYMAN SCARES GIRL

Lower End Miscreant Flourishes Revolvers in Faces of Young Lady and Youthful Companions. Vigilance Committee Formed.

The lower end residents have now been roused to indignation over the Midway highwayman's latest offense when he held up a number of defenseless young people under cover of night. They have formed a "vigilance committee" and woe betide the individual who has been using "dime novel tactics" to the terror of the residents of that section of Adams County, if he is caught. While it may be considered a "brave" act to hold-up a man it surely is a pure act of cowardice to "sneak up" on a defenseless girl and a couple of children, under cover of night.

The victims of the outrage were Miss Ada Small, her young brother and two of his companions. Miss Small is the pianist at a Hanover moving picture theatre, and was on the way to her home in Midway after 11 p. m., accompanied by the youngsters.

At a dark spot along the lonely path to the right of the turnpike, it is alleged, a man jumped from behind a board fence and flourished two revolvers in the faces of the young lady and her youthful escorts. As may be supposed, all fled in terror, and their screams brought out the residents of the neighborhood, who came to their rescue. Gloating over the success of his efforts, the fiend decamped.

While all of the victims were too frightened to gather their thoughts, from a description the identity of the miscreant may be solved. A watch is going to be kept on his future movements, for it is believed he resides in the neighborhood.

WEDDINGS

Ashmead--Cox

Word has been received in Gettysburg of the marriage in Maine last August of Mrs. Minnie Lee Cox, formerly of this place, and Rev. William N. R. Ashmead, formerly rector of the Church of the Prince of Peace on Baltimore St. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Ashmead are now residing at 62 Westerevee avenue, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Kunkle--Baker

A quite wedding took place last Thursday when Harvey Kunkle, son of Irvin Kunkle and wife, of Wells-ville, and Miss Mary Baker, daughter of Samuel Baker and wife, of Kralltown, were married at the Lutheran parsonage, Dover, by Rev. Dr. Fastnacht.

Annual Election

The annual election of officers of Corporal Skelly Post 9, G. A. R., was held Monday evening and resulted as follows: commander, Dr. T. C. Billheimer; senior vice commander, William H. Benner; junior vice commander, William A. McIlhenny; quartermaster, H. W. Lightner; surgeon, Dr. C. E. Goldsborough; officer of the day, S. H. Buehler; officer of the guard, William H. Lady; chaplain Hon. P. L. Houck; patriotic instructor, Calvin Hamilton; delegate, Hon. William T. Ziegler; alternate, H. W. Lightner; trustee, J. W. Flaharty.

MRS. LOVINA SHRINER

The funeral of Mrs. Lovina Shriner, took place at 10 a. m. Sunday from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Reck, at Harney, Md. Interment was made in the U. B. Cemetery at Harney, Rev. Mr. Chrismer officiating.

Deceased was the widow of the late Philip Shriner and is survived by two sons—J. W. Shriner, of Hanover; George Shriner of Harney; and three daughters—Mrs. Charles F. Reindollar, Uniontown, Md.; Mrs. Susan Heiser, Wellington, Kansas, and Mrs. Mary Reck, of Harney, Md.

Revival

A spirited revival is in progress at Asbury M. E. Church, Franklin street. The interest is increasing and the church is being much revived. Additional ministerial help from out of town is expected. The public is cordially invited to come and take part in the services which begin each evening at 8 o'clock.

Bath room fixtures Gettysburg Supply House.

INGERSOLL QUILTS \$10,000 JOB

Well Known Gettysburg Actor Quits Engagement with Orpheum Players at Philadelphia. Wanted \$21 Extra.

Gettysburg people will note with interest the resignation of William Ingersoll as leading man with the Orpheum Stock Company, Philadelphia. Mr. Ingersoll has his summer home, "Players' Lodge," on the Fairfield road west of town.

According to the account given by Morris Scheck, press representative of the company, Mr. Ingersoll had resigned because he was not paid extra for a matinee performance on Thanksgiving Day.

"We were paying Mr. Ingersoll a salary of \$250 a week for 40 weeks and giving him five weeks off each year. That meant that he was getting \$10000 for 35 weeks—a better salary than is paid any other actor in stock companies in this country except, possibly, in David Belasco's California stock company. He quit because we would not pay him \$21 for some extra work that any man as well paid as he was ought to have been glad to do."

Mr. Scheck said that Mr. Ingersoll had been the leading man of the company since its first performance in September, 1907, but that he soon began to manifest pique whenever the piece put on was one in which the leading woman was mostly in the centre of the stage. This, said Mr. Scheck, had finally made life miserable for the whole management, despite Mr. Ingersoll's acknowledged ability.

Mr. Ingersoll was requested immediately after the play on Saturday night to remove his belongings from his dressing room by 12 o'clock. This action was taken, it was said, because it was feared that Mr. Ingersoll would create dissension in the performances during his last week.

Mr. Ingersoll's explanation of the action was that the management feared the audiences this week would make a demonstration in his favor.

SCHOOL REPORTS

Following is the report of Flohr's school, Franklin township, for month ending November 19. Number enrolled, 33; average attendance, 27; per cent. of attendance, 81. Those who attended every day during the month were: Alma Cluck, Ruth Cluck, Esta Wetzel, Lillian Andrew, Helen Andrew, Nellie Andrew, Ruth Andrew, Edna Krounshower, Ellen Rebert, Daniel Mickley, Bruce Wetzel, Jay Johnson, Paul Fritz, Mary Mickley and Roy Keller each missed one half day. Richard Rebert and Raymond Keller each missed one day.

Following is the report of Ethel R. Wolfert, teacher of Biglerville School, No. 1, for third month, ending Monday, Dec. 6: pupils enrolled, 28; average attendance, 24; per cent of attendance, 87. Those having perfect attendance records are Ollie Eckert, Nellie Rice, Esta Bream, Correne Deatruck, Eva Fohl, Marie Mowery, Viola Kapp, and Blanche Heiges. Margaret Houck, Edgar Lauver, Blaine Knouse, Paul Knouse and Francis Miller missed each one half day; Ruth Reed one day. In spelling, Ollie Eckert and Edgar Lauver had all perfect lessons during the month. Ollie has missed only four words since school opened, Esta Bream five words in the three months; Nellie Rice three words this month, Chester Fohl three, Eva Fohl five, Mary Ridgeway four, Correne Deatruck four, Blaine Knouse five, Margaret Houck six.

To those interested in the civic welfare of Gettysburg:—A meeting for the purpose of organizing a Law and Order Society, will be held in the lecture room of St. James Lutheran Church, Thursday, Dec. 9th, at 7.30 p. m. Every citizen interested in this work is cordially invited to be present and assist in the launching of the enterprise. By order of the committee of "United Workers."

MILLINERY BARGAINS

Having closed my banch stores for the season and transferred those goods here, will sell all hats and trimmings at half price. Mrs. D. J. Riele, 13 and 15 Chambersburg street, Gettysburg.

Just arrived 40 head, well bred Durham sters. Weight 600 pounds. For sale by C. H. Walter, Fairfield.

SHORT PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Brief Paragraphs Telling the News of the Town and County and of Some Places Nearby. Short Items for Quick Reading.

Charles M. Wills, of Philadelphia, is spending some time at his home on Baltimore St. while the plant at which he is working is undergoing repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Harvey Welty, of Philadelphia, arrived in town Monday evening for the holidays.

G. W. Weaver and Son are having the wall on the East side of their building plastered.

Dr. Alexander H. O'Neal has located at 106 West Lancaster avenue, Wayne, near Philadelphia.

Miss Katharine Duncan has returned to her home on Lincoln avenue after a visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Miss Fanny Chase returned to her home in Baltimore today after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Bigham in Biglerville.

Miss Annie O'Neal has gone to Washington to spend several days with Rev. and Mrs. J. T. Huddle.

Miss Mary Starr has returned to her home in Littlestown after a visit with friends in town.

S. A. Hammond and family, who have been living in Denver for the past few years intend to return to Gettysburg next Spring.

IRON SPRINGS

Iron Springs, Dec. 7.—Samuel Walter showed your correspondent an ear of corn fifteen inches in length raised on his farm at Fairfield Station, tenanted by Ambrose Sanders. His crop averaged between three and four thousand bushels in the ears.

Mrs. Carol Martin and two children, Glenn and Margaret, of Fountaindale, visited her mother, Mrs. Ephraim Sanders on last Saturday.

Squire J. A. Spangler and wife visited relatives at Hanover, Hampton and York Springs during the last week. George Spangler also visited at Hanover recently.

George Sanders met with an accident on last Saturday working at D. R. McCleaf's sawmill when a slab struck him and knocked him unconscious for a short time. He is getting along as well as can be expected.

Carrie Baker, who was visiting at Hagerstown, returned home last week.

There will be a lumber sale on the Roger farm owned by D. R. McCleaf about 4 miles from Fairfield on Saturday, December 11th.

Howard Reed, an honest young man has purchased the store goods from J. E. Kissinger and will continue to keep store at this place. Your correspondent wishes him success.

FOURTH MEETING

The fourth educational meeting of Franklin township will convene at Scott's Friday evening, Dec. 10, instead of the 17th, as heretofore reported. The following topics will be discussed: "Name means of improving the hygiene of the school," E. W. Hartman; "The Twentieth Century Teacher," A. M. Lochbaum; "Is there too much system in the schoolroom?" Amos Sheely; "What details make a schoolroom homelike?" Miss Boyer; "Explain the difference between mere teaching and training," E. C. Stover, recitation; Miss Edna Hartman.

GRANGE ELECTS

Straban Grange, No. 1334 elected the following officers Monday evening for the ensuing year: master, G. A. Raffensperger; overseer, Addison Leer; secretary, R. C. Coleman; treasurer, J. Bell Weaver; lecturer, Miss May Brown; chaplain, Chester Bell; steward, C. E. Eicholtz; assistant steward, Harmon Beamer; lady assistant steward, Mrs. C. Eicholtz; gatekeeper, Robert Deatruck; Ceres, Saye Harmon; Pomona, Myrtle Beamer; Flora, Mrs. C. E. Goldsborough; trustee, C. H. Wagner.

WANTED

Fat horses and mules, 3 to 10 years old at the Globe Hotel. J. B. Fuhrman and Co.

Going, going, not quite gone! Poultrymen come for free copy Conkey's 50c Poultry Book. J. H. Collier, flower. By mail 4c.

A GOOD BOOK

will be appreciated especially if it is one of those interesting ones we sell.

FINE WRITING PAPER

notably Eaton Hurlburt's hot pressed Vellum, will impress the recipient with your good taste.

A FOUNTAIN PEN

that will write easily without dropping ink or leaking is the only kind to give—you can get one here.

FANCY CALENDARS

are greatly prized. Our line includes many novelties and starts at 10 cents.

L. M. BUEHLER

9 Chambersburg St.

Gettysburg, Pa.

GIVE A BOOK

If it is an interesting book, it will be gratefully received. Here are a few new books that are great sellers. Old Rose and Silver, Hungry Heart, Stradella, Half a Chance, Bella Donna. Any books not in stock can be gotten in a few days. G. A. Henty and Horatio Alger books for boys 17c, 25c, and 35c.

Eaton Crane Writing Paper
Lowney's Candies

in boxes and baskets 60 cents to \$5.00

Subscriptions taken for all magazines. Christmas cards, Post cards, Calendars, Booklets, Calendar pads, Seals, Tags, etc.

S. J. BUMBAUGH,
Centre Square, Gettysburg.

BATHROOM FIXTURES

If you are thinking of remodelling your bath-room or installing new bath fixtures do not fail to see our line of supplies. We will be glad to give you prices on any kind of plumbing work.

Our workmanship is guaranteed and everything must be satisfactory before we are paid.

We carry in stock pipe and fittings, galvanized and black; valves, large and small.

As To Hardware

Our present stock consists of nails all sizes; hinges, large and small; files, all tapers. The famous Dietz lanterns for driving and general use.

The Gettysburg Supply House

J. G. SLONAKER, Prop.

J. R. ALBIN, Mgr.

1910 SALE DATES

Date.	Name.	Township.	Auctioneer.
Jan. 1.	Adam Bennett	Highland	Taylor
Jan. 5.	M. T. Cluck	Straban	Thompson
Feb. 5.	C. L. Bentzel	Straban	Thompson
Feb. 12.	Walter Beamer	Straban	Thompson
Feb. 21.	John P. Mummert	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Feb. 26.	Curtis McLaughlin	Franklin	Martz
Feb. 26.	D. C. Shambrook	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 1.	Jacob Guise	Straban	Thompson
Mar. 2.	John W. McIlhenny	Straban	Thompson
Mar. 2.	J. Howard Brown	Highland	Caldwell
Mar. 3.	W. K. Weikert	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 3.	C. O. Bushey	Franklin	Martz
Mar. 3.	Edward Martin	Cumberland	Caldwell & Currens
Mar. 4.	H. D. Bream	Straban	Slaybaugh
Mar. 4.	R. N. Nunemaker	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 5.	J. C. Minter	Franklin	Martz
Mar. 5.	C. F. Glass	Straban	Thompson
Mar. 7.	Edw. Keefer	Huntington	Thompson
Mar. 7.	John P. Butt	Franklin	Martz
Mar. 8.	Henry Keiser	Hamilton	Thompson
Mar. 10.	D. F. Bucher	Mt. Joy	Thompson
Mar. 10.	James F. Diehl	Franklin	Martz
Mar. 12.	Simon P. Miller	Mt. Joy	Thompson
Mar. 14.	Harry G. Bucher	Franklin	Martz
Mar. 14.	E. A. Olinger	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 15.	Harry Brady	Butler	Slaybaugh
Mar. 15.	Harry Eckert	Straban	Thompson
Mar. 16.	Charles Osborne	Menallen	Slaybaugh
Mar. 16.	D. D. Renner	Germany	Thompson
Mar. 17.	Peter Berger	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 21.	Lower Brothers	Table Rock	Thompson
Mar. 22.	A. J. Hawn	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 23.	J. F. Little	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 24.	Chas. Bucher	Mt. Pleasant	Thompson
Mar. 26.	G. R. Thompson	Mt. Pleasant	D. K. Walker

NOTICE

We will pay the highest cash price for hides. We are in the market the year around, not only when cold weather comes.

OYLER & SPANGLER, Gettysburg Pa.

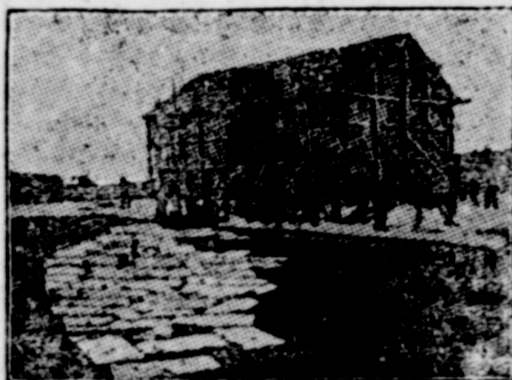
Farm and Garden

ICE FOR THE FARM HOME.

How to Secure and How to Store the Crop For Future Use.

Ice is as workable as wood, so it can be either split or sawed into desirable sections for handling and storing. Commercial ice making is generally carried on with an eye single to rapidity rather than accuracy in cake dimensions, so the ice plow is used and the cakes split off, thus leaving the under side of each cake irregular, making close storage impossible. The slower and better process for the farmer is the ice saw or, in lieu of this, the common crosscut saw, which is found on nearly all farms. Lake or pond ice has the preference over river ice, due to the fact that there is no current beneath. Pond ice freezes thicker and is less liable to contain air bubbles, meaning clearer and more uniform cakes.

Avoid slush or snow ice as much as possible. Watch for those several days of continuous hard freezing, then tap the ice field at its best. Six inch



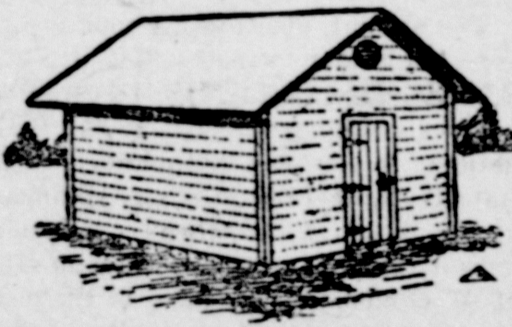
STORING ICE IN WISCONSIN.

ice is of course good, but eighteen inch is better, as the thicker the cake the better its keeping quality. Clear the field of snow and with either line or straightedge mark off the cakes to be cut, using any sharp pointed instrument for the marking. An old file makes a good tool for the purpose. Mark the field off into eighteen inch squares, being careful to have cakes cut exactly to measure, for in no other way can close storage be accomplished. Cut out corner cake with an ax and start the saw exactly on the line, holding saw straight up and down. Remove one handle from the saw and in its place attach a small weight, said weight adding much to the rapidity of the sawing. Two pairs of ice tongs at about 50 cents each complete the outfit for the farmer's ice harvest.

In building an icehouse get good, smooth drop siding for the outside and paint it. For the interior any old lumber will do, for all that is necessary is something to hold the sawdust used in packing from the outer wall. Leave spaces between studding open at the top. To accomplish this the inside sheathing should stop at about four inches below the plate at top of studding, thus allowing the side air to flow out and over the stored mass, thence out through small windows which should be provided in each end of the building and as near the peak as possible. These openings should be filled with upward slanting blinds, thereby forcing inflowing air currents upward and away from the ice, insuring free circulation at all times. These openings should never be closed, for through them must escape dampness that stored ice always produces.

The size of the building must be determined by the amount of ice to be used. If for family use only, then 12 by 14 feet, with eight foot studding, will give ample storage space, but for dairy use the building should be enlarged in proportion to the demands put upon it.

A Wisconsin farmer puts up such an icehouse as is shown in the illustration.



CHEAP AND TIDY FAMILY ICEHOUSE.

tion at a very low cost. Each winter he fills it when he could be doing little else. He has half a dozen customers to whom he supplies ice during the summer and makes a handsome profit from the transaction.

Possum Hunting in Queensland.

Among the ways of earning a living in the colony of Queensland the collecting of fur skins combines considerable profit with a fine, adventurous life in the open air in the "bush"—the term which describes all country parts, plain, hill and forest, away from the settlements. The possum is protected by the government of Queensland till May 1, on which date young men issue forth for a campaign against the wily animal whose skin makes such beautiful carriage and other rugs and forms the material for ladies' furs all over Europe. Formerly shooting was resorted to, but now trapping is found to be the most efficacious means of securing a good bag. Most of the trappers work in couples or employ a native, and snares of thin wire are used.

No Trespassing.

When you wish permission to go across another man's land go and ask for it. Don't take it for granted that "it will be all right." You can only be sure of that by going to headquarters and talking with the master.

DAD'S (PAY) DAY.

Dad must be gettin' nervous now. Because his day is near. It's not just like dear mother's day. When all is love and cheer.

The women folks all pull his leg. The kids all stand around and beg. The girls just grab him round the neck And holler, "Where's my Christmas check?"

It's "Dear old daddy!" "Darling Pa!" But, oh, if he don't quickly pay Behind his back those women jaw, "He's gettin' tighter every day!"

Say, dad, now, how do you pull through With everybody after you. When every day you hear them say: "This is your day. Now pay, pay, pay!"

But when dad puts up Christmas cash What does he get for being rash? Those women hunt a bargain sale And buy him junk all worn and stale.

Cigars a f'reaser wouldn't smoke. Suspenders always going broke. While to outsiders go the best. Bought by the cash from poor dad's chest.

Hist, dad! Your day is comin' nigh. You better hang your pants up high. Those women folks are round to spy. They'll steal your wallet on the sly. C. M. BARNITZ.

OUR SHOW BIRD DRYING MACHINE.

Who can blame that fancier's wife for knocking when he blocks her tidy kitchen with show coops in which washed roosters are hung up to dry? Hardly think a judge would withhold a divorce if he saw those roosters



SHOW BIRD DRYING MACHINE.

scratching sawdust on to the floor or was awakened in the morning at 4 by those kitchen crows disturbing his snore.

Now, to prevent family jars and to make it easy for showmen to dry their birds evenly and quickly we present a picture of our drying machine. A dry goods or piano box may be easily converted into this convenience.

Place door in back to admit stove, ventilators below in front, register in door in back of drying room, ventilator in top and a drop curtain.

Use a smokeless heater, regulate temperature by wick and thermometer and don't forget that too fast drying makes a rooster look like a red-headed white chrysanthemum.

FEATHERS AND EGGSHELLS.

When a Pennsylvania association in the coal region offers a forty-five dollar prize for the best sparring Game and only a twenty-five dollar cup for the best display of Wyandottes and that cup to be won twice, they certainly do not show themselves true fanciers.

After all the arguments were presented to the American Poultry Association for the admission of Games, it was discovered that the variety was the regular Pit Game. The assembly at once gave the Game rooster a solar plexus knockout.

The Bantam as a layer is a wonder. Quite a number of people in the cities, where yards are small, keep these dainty birds for layers and find they pay well.

The north pole having been discovered, it remains to be seen which breed of roosters will be the first to crow from the top of the earth. How about the snowy crested Silver Polish?

Your turkeys will appreciate the waste apples. If you're rich enough to feed small potatoes to the chickens, serve them raw. It's less trouble and they relish them better.

A farmer who kept Barred Rocks went through a White Leghorn plant and counted ninety hens on the nests. He at once traded off the Rocks and stocked up with Leghorns. In a month the Leghorns had knocked off laying and the Rocks were laying to beat the band. Then the farmer saw what many won't see—that a man must be behind the hen to make her cackle in the pen. Strain, grain, brains and pains bring gains.

When a hen dies, bury her at once. If thrown into the field, your neighbor's dog may drag it home, his fowls may pick at the carcass, get the disease and die and you'll have another sin to answer for by and by.

The great cattle ranges of the west are rapidly disappearing, and that's what makes beef so high, but the long horn steer is being supplanted by the long tailed turkey and the White Leghorns that lay and fly.

Think of 1,000 poultry shows! That's the figure the exhibitions this year will reach. And then think of the sports who bragged they'd clean up the show who'll be licked and hear wife say, "I told you so!"

Many people are knocking because their hens are not laying. They forget they must fill up the hen's bread basket before she will fill up their egg basket.

The drafty knotholes in the hencoop are the leaks through which the profit goes.

The Indiana legislature recently appropriated \$5,000 and the Missouri house made a biannual grant of \$10,000 for poultry investigation.

C. M. Barnitz.

The White is King

The *White Sewing Machine* has proven itself one of the greatest sewing machines ever made, having all of the good points of all machines combined in one.

There is nothing known that could be added to this machine to improve it. There are near 500 in this neighborhood and we can prove what we say.

From now to Christmas will give special low prices. Terms to suit you.

Chas. S. MUMPER

Music Hath Charms

Buy your WIFE, DAUGHTER or FRIEND a PIANO for a Christmas gift. Something that will last a lifetime. We have a fine line of the Leading Makes of Pianos that we will sell at Special Prices and Terms for Xmas, give us a call.

We are Headquarters for SINGER and WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machines which will make a useful Xmas gift. Prices and terms right, we sell as low as 50 cents per week if desired.

Call to see our line before buying elsewhere.

Spangler's Music House

48 York Street

Gettysburg, Pa.

TREES

I Have To Offer

FIRSTCLASS NURSERY STOCK

In Large Or Small Quantities

Fruit, Shade, Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Hedges, Small Fruit, Asparagus, Strawberries, California Privet, Locust and Catalpa Speciosa for timber.

Also large and small Spray Pumps and fittings. Call, Write or Phone

BATTLEFIELD NURSERIES

Office and Packing grounds 42 W. High St. Gettysburg, Pa.

WANTED—A heavy dog to run a tread power. C. A. STONER, Pro

Gettysburg Ice & Storage Co.

will be in full operation during the entire winter, and will be glad to deliver Ice, Ice Cream and Pasteurized Milk whenever ordered. Both 'phones.

Gettysburg Ice & Storage Co.

AN INVITATION

You are invited visit our store this week to see the greatest display of

**Furniture,
Pictures,
Mirrors**

that you have ever seen outside of the large city stores.

We have made a special effort to get this year the best line we have ever had.

Our Prices are Below the Mark

Don't fail to come in.

H. B. BENDER,

The Homefurnisher

Balto. St., near Court House

XMAS NOTICE

Let us remind you Christmas is not far off.

Photographs for the holidays will be much in demand. Avoid the rush and arrange for an early call.

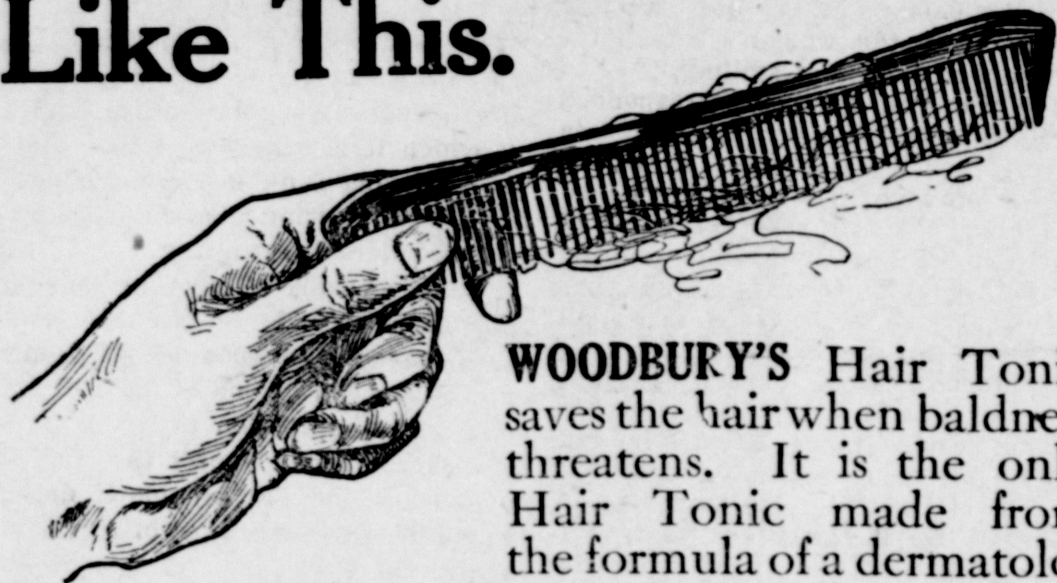
We make miniature, pastel, water colors and enlargements from any picture.

J. I. MUMPER, Photographer

41 Baltimore street.

Gettysburg

You are getting bald if your comb looks Like This.



WOODBURY'S Hair Tonic saves the hair when baldness threatens. It is the only Hair Tonic made from the formula of a dermatologist. During the past forty years the Specialists at the Famous WOODBURY INSTITUTE treated many thousands of cases of hair and scalp troubles, and when you use WOODBURY'S preparations you get all the advantage of this vast experience.

Woodbury's COMBINATION Hair Tonic



If you don't see Woodbury's Face on the label, it's an imitation.

saves the hair when all other preparations fail. It brings new life and vigor to the hair and makes it beautiful and abundant. It stops falling hair; instantly relieves itching scalp and removes dandruff. A trial will convince you.

Two Sizes—25c. and \$1.00

Users of Woodbury's Preparations are privileged to write at any time to the Specialists at Woodbury's Institute for information regarding the care of the hair and complexion.

People's Drug Store, Agent for Gettysburg

Finest line of Pipes and Cigars that has ever been carried in Gettysburg

is what I have to offer the Christmas trade this year. There are wooden pipes from FIVE CENTS to Briar pipes at FIVE DOLLARS. Some of them will be a revelation to old pipe smokers. The meershaums are from four to Ten Dollars. Cigar holders from five cents to a dollar fifty.

The cigars are in attractive Holiday boxes of twenty-five and fifty sizes that are not only fancy looking but they contain the best tobacco that can be bought.

The most exacting smoker can be satisfied at

The Monarch Cigar Store and Pool Parlors

W. H. Kalbfleisch, Prop.

52 Chambersburg street.

Cook and Perry Puzzle

the latest out. Nothing like it in town

Price 10 cents

We have a fine line of Toys, Games, Vases, China and Candies

Nothing Over 10c

Take a look at our Box Paper, and see if you can buy it elsewhere for 25c. Unruled linen, in Holly covered boxes for 10c.

Gettysburg 5c & 10c Store

NO. 6 BALTIMORE STREET

SOME THINGS TO GIVE

Your Husband, Father, Brother or Friend that he can use and enjoy—instead of something that will be laid away and forgotten the day after Christmas.

Razors
Razor Strops
Shaving Brushes
Shaving Soap

**All Razors
Guaranteed**

Cigars by the box
Tobacco
Cigar Holders
Pipes

There are numerous other things in our shop that are appropriate and will be appreciated. We have made a special effort to have a large and complete stock of the above articles for the holidays.

H. B. SEFTON'S BARBER SHOP

35 BALTIMORE STREET

Calves Wanted

I will pay 7 cents a pound for good calves delivered to my stables any time on Friday, Dec. 10.

Geo. J. Bushman,

Race Horse Alley

THE AUDACITY OF BOB SMITHSON.

By MARTHA C. HUTCHINS.
[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

Edgar Barry, novelist, was sitting in his living room when his friend Robert (commonly called Bob) Smithson, manufacturer of drainpipe, entered simultaneously with the postman. Barry took a letter from the latter, tore it open, scowled and threw it in a waste-basket.

"Evidently," said Smithson, "you don't prize your correspondent."

"Oh, these women! They are continually writing me to know what some of my characters mean by such a thing, or how interested they are in the story, or how and when will it end in the magazine or something else, all of which means that they wish to get me to attend a function they're about to give and show me off as their intimate friend."

Smithson picked the note out of the basket and read it.

"Would you object to turning this lady over to me?" he asked. "I might personate you."

"Not in the least."

"She seems to be quite fascinated with your character of Edwin Ostrander."

"Nonsense! She wants to get me to aer party. Follow it up, personate me if you like, and you will be lionized."

And so it turned out. A week later the audacious Bob Smithson was present at a musical as Edgar Barry, who had recently risen into prominence through a story that had made a hit. The worst feature about Smithson's performance was that he circulated a report that he had drawn the much admired Edwin Ostrander from himself.

It didn't take long for the fascinating literary manufacturer not of romances, but of drainpipe, to fall in love with Alice Beardsley, who gave her whole heart to the deceiver. Bob proposed to her without realizing what he was doing, and the young lady, carried away by her feelings, accepted him without taking time to think about it. Then Bob awoke the morning after it had happened to a realization of his situation. He wrote out ten confessions and tore them all up. He started six times to go and make a verbal confession and backed out every time, including the one after he had rung the doorbell.

Bob had told Miss Beardsley that he wrote in a room at the Authors' club. He told her this, intending to post Barry, who really did write there, so that if any notes came Barry would know and act accordingly. At 11 o'clock in the morning three days after Smithson's proposal, while Barry was putting some master touches to the character of Edwin Ostrander, the door opened and a servant in the club's livery announced:

"A lady in the reception room to see you, sir."

"A lady! What lady?"

"She says tell 'im I'm his fiancé."

"My fiancée?"

The Author's club is a quiet place. Probably that is because authors have no money to spend in clubs. No one was about. The lady, taking advantage of this, had followed the servant to Mr. Barry's workroom and now appeared, trembling, at the open door. On seeing the author she started.

"I beg your pardon," she said. "I was looking for Mr. Barry."

"I am Mr. Barry."

"Not you; the Mr. Barry."

"I am Edgar Barry."

"I am looking for Mr. Barry, the novelist."

"I write—at least, try to write—novels."

Meanwhile the lady had stepped across the portal much bewildered. A servant approached and announced, "Mr. Smithson!" and in another moment Mr. Bob Smithson entered.

"Oh, Edgar!" cried the lady. "What does it all mean?"

Bob Smithson stood the picture of despair. He shivered and shook. He took out his handkerchief, drew it hastily across his brow, thrust it back into his pocket, tried to stammer something and at last looked appealingly, pitifully, at Barry.

"What is it, Bob?" asked the latter.

"Tell her."

"The lady who?"

"Yes; for heaven's sake straighten it out!"

"Miss"—Barry hesitated. Smithson put in: "Beardsley. If ever there was an angel on earth, and if ever there was a devil and a fool!"

"Hold on, Bob! This is going to come out all right! Don't make it any worse. Miss Beardsley, you are engaged to my esteemed friend Mr. Smithson, I believe."

"I thought I was engaged to Mr. Barry, the novelist." Then, turning to her fiancé, "What is your name, sir?"

"Smithson, sweetheart. Bob—I mean Robert—Smithson."

"Your profession?"

"I—I sell drainpipe."

"Drainpipe! I was not aware that the original of Edwin Ostrander dealt in a conductor of sewage."

"Forgive me."

He stretched out his hands to her, but she turned, and after a rustle in the hall and a slam of the front door there was nothing left but the habitual silence of the Authors' club.

The same evening Mr. Barry called on Miss Beardsley, spoke in the highest terms of Mr. Smithson, told her that he had drawn Edwin Ostrander from him and secured a reconciliation. The engagement has continued.

FARM ORCHARD AND GARDEN

BY **F. E. TRIGG**

REGISTER, ROCKFORD, ILL.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

[This matter must not be reprinted without special permission.]

CROSS FERTILIZATION.

More than one gardener has unwittingly set out a bed of imperfect or pistillate strawberry plants and been surprised at picking time that there was nothing but leaves. The blossoms, lacking the fertilizing pollen of the stamens, set no fruit. While not so pronounced, a somewhat similar condition seems to prevail in the case of varieties of pome fruits, which are so called shy bearers, illustrated in the case of the Comice pear and Spitzenburg apple. It has been found that if these varieties are set in solid blocks the blossoms are sparsely fertilized, while if other freer blossomers are alternated with them in rows the amount of fruit set is largely increased. A Rogue river valley ranch owner had an experience some years ago which nicely illustrates this point. In his orchard of Comice pear trees planted about twenty years ago there were scattered a number of seedling pears which blossomed freely, but whose fruit was practically worthless. Having this in mind and not realizing the value of the seedling trees as pollenizers, he had them carefully top grafted. The next season he got little fruit, and from this on his pear trees were an unprofitable proposition, and he could not see why. After several years the fact above referred to was brought to his attention, and Bartlett scions were topgrafted into a number of the Comice trees. From that time on the ranch has been a heavy yielder, netting its owner for several years past as high as \$1,000 per acre. In the same way Spitzenburg orchards have been made better money makers by planting Jonathans or Ortleys as pollenizers. In setting new orchards or buying those already set at a long price it is well to keep these facts of plant life in mind.

MIGHT LEARN FROM THE SWISS.

A friend who represents one of the large American farm implement houses in Europe, with headquarters at Zurich, Switzerland, and who naturally takes a keen interest in the most improved agricultural methods, cites an interesting fact showing the value which the Swiss farmer places on the homemade fertilizers, which are handled with such wanton waste in America. Our friend asserts that some of these farmers take such precaution in the handling of manure that they will not haul it on windy days for fear that a portion of the nitrogen laden fumes which are generated by decomposition and chemical reaction may be carried away and not absorbed by the soil, as would be the case were no air moving. The average American, who makes small account of allowing barnyard fertilizers to leach in the weather and lose half their strength, will view this Swiss precaution as well nigh ludicrous, yet this example of care and thrift is one he might well begin to emulate.

A BIG SINNER.

A matter which every tiller of the soil ought to take stock of at the close of the present season is whether the crops which he has raised this year have been above or below the average yield for each product for his own state and the whole country. If his potatoes have yielded but eighty bushels per acre, his wheat thirteen, his corn twenty-five, his oats eighteen bushels and his cotton but half a bale per acre, he has reason to assume, as it were, sackcloth and ashes, which emblems he should continue wearing until he has looked into the causes of his agricultural sin and failure and has firmly decided to repent and do better. If his record in crop production has been on the above lines, he has not only cheated himself, robbed the soil and set a bad example to his neighbors, but also quite essentially been a traitor to his country.

PALM READERS AND LOTTERIES.

When the drawing was concluded in the Cheyenne river and Standing Rock Indian land allotments at Aberdeen the latter part of October, it came to light that a resident of New England, pinning his faith to the predictions of a fortune teller, had sold his home and other possessions and gone to the new country, fully expecting to draw one of the best claims, only to be utterly disappointed. It is more than likely that the female who read his hand and pictured such glowing prospects got a good chunk of his hard earned money. Cold facts would seem to suggest that there is ordinarily enough hazard in the expenditures connected with drawing a claim and developing it, if worth developing, without assuming the additional incubus of getting oneself balled up with a cheap skate soothsayer.

Send Them a Load of Coal

and make their Christmas as warm and cheerful as yours. A quarter, half or ton of coal won't cost you much and it will be gratefully received by your needy friends.

Send your order to

Col. E. Spangler

100 Carlisle Street.

No Credit No Losses

The public is invited to call and have all its wants supplied and at prices that will astonish you.

We have Quantity, Quality and Price
Candies

This is headquarters for pure candies from 8c per pound upwards.

Oranges

Oranges in abundance and at prices never so low. Our Christmas decorations never were finer.

Glassware

A fine line of glassware. Decorated salad and fruit dishes 25 cents upward. A fine assortment of Japanese ware.

Decorated Dinner Sets

Decorated dinner sets \$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.00 and upwards, for Lamps of all kinds we are the headquarters. Our line was never as large. Call and see what 5, 10 and 25 cents will buy.

Groceries

Our groceries are fresh and fine and prices right.

PEOPLE'S CASH STORE

Closing Out Sale

Intending to go out of business between now and April 1st., We will sell our entire stock consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Linoleums, Hardware, Paints, etc., at and below cost. Buyers can secure bargains.

Skelly & Warner

The Great TAMPA BAY HOTEL

(Fireproof)

Tampa, Florida

Management of David Lauber | Fifth Year

WINTER SEASON NOV. 24th., to APRIL 10th.

In the midst of a most wonderful tropical park. Climate ideal. Sunshine, flowers, music, tennis, boating, fishing, hunting, motoring, driving and riding. Miles of dustless shell roads.

No Storms or Fogs on the West Coast.

Information and booklet for the asking.

Address Tampa Bay Hotel, or any Agent. Seaboard Air Line, Atlantic Coast Line. Southern Ry. also Mallory, Savannah and Clyde S. S. Lines.

Meet your Friends at the

HOTEL WABASH

Above Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

BEN. F. KINDIG, Jr.

The Gettysburg Times

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Times and News Publishing Company Inc.

W. Lavere Hafer, Secretary and Treasurer. Philip R. Bikle, President.

Philip R. Bikle, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.

Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month.

Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

If you receive The Times by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid, on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within four days after your money is received at The Times office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE

UNITED PHONE

Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Want ads. 1 cent per word for first insertion and one-half cent per word for each additional insertion. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memoriams one-half cent per word.

New Fall and Winter Shoes

Store open until 8 p. m. Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1909.

C. B. Kitzmiller.

WHY NOT

SEND one or more of our fine local views to absent Gettysburg friends as Christmas Gifts.

There's nothing they'll like better and even strangers are always pleased to have views from this famous spot. Some new subjects added to our Art series.

Come in and see how we can simplify Christmas Gift difficulties for you.

TIPTON, The Photographer

BAND CONCERT

By special request the Citizens Band will repeat their concert of several weeks ago in the Court House Thursday evening, December 9th. Admission 15 cts.

PUBLIC SALE

December 18th, 1909

The undersigned will sell on the Mrs. Lizzie Sowers farm in Menallen township along the Wensville road, one mile south of Wensville, the following personal property viz:

One bay mare rising 3 yrs. old, hard to beat, good worker and driver, one milk cow, farming implements consisting of one good two horse wagon and bed, pair of hay carriages 16 ft. long, mower in good running order, corn planter, double corn worker, land roller, Perry spring harrow, two buggies, stick wagon, two sleighs, sled, wood rig, buggy spread, lot of gears consisting of 3 sets of front gears, 3 Yankee bridges, collars, set of check lines, set of buggy harness, etc., single, double and triple trees, jockey sticks, log fifth butt, breast and tie chains, lot of blacksmith tools consisting of anvil drill, press and bits, set of taps and diles, hammer and tongs, pair of fox hounds, 4 scaps of bees, lot of chickens by the pound, apples and potatoes by the bu., lot of seed potatoes, large milk can, good as new, number one good dinner bell, lot of feed consisting of from 7 to 8 tons of hay, about 500 sheaves of corn fodder, corn by the bushel. Lot of other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p.m. when terms will be made known by

JOHN F. SOWERS

Ira Taylor, Auct.

If corn fodder properly secured is worth 60 per cent of good hay, ton for ton, it is well high impossible to estimate the annual loss that American farmers sustain by allowing it to bleach and blow to tatters in the field.

It is pretty rough on the rats, but a farmer who has tried it recommends putting concentrated eye in the noses and runways of rats. They first get it on their feet, which begin to burn. They try to lick it off their feet, get it in their mouths, and this does the business.

We read of a farmer the other day who was bewailing the fact that his fine quack grass pasture was showing signs of delinquency and was likely to die out. We know of other fellows who would be mighty glad to have this fellow come and dig up carefully the scattering roots on their places.

The best season in which to do pruning work in the orchard is that just prior to the time when the trees will make the most rapid growth and thus heal over the scars made in cutting. It is for this reason that fall pruning should be discouraged beyond that involved in the removal of dead or diseased portions of the trees.

True Skin Food

How it can be used by the Inexpert with the Best Results.

While every woman recognizes the virtue of pure skin foods, especially those with a marked cleansing power such as is possessed by the famous Crown Cream, few persons really know or seem able to master the art of massage, which should be practiced in order to secure the best results with such a toilet article. While less dependence need be placed upon massage by users of Crown Cream, than of less meritorious preparations, the best results are to be had when the massage is effected by the use of the Harlan Beauty Cup. Crown Cream has an almost magical effect upon all surface blemishes of the skin, while the Beauty Cup, which applies a gentle vacuum action, withdraws impurities from the pores, wrinkles and skin folds. Its action stimulates the skin throughout, and has a most beneficial effect upon the circulation. In this way, while the Crown Cream and Beauty Cup eradicates the wrinkles, the tissues beneath the surface are invigorated and rebuilt, resulting in an increased skin with all the velvet softness of youth. Nearly all dealers in toilet goods are now supplied with these essentials for the toilet, and they are sold at 50c for the Crown Cream per jar, and 50c for the Beauty Cup also. If you cannot now secure them from your dealer, order them direct from the Harlan Mfg. Co., Toledo, O., who will send the goods promptly, prepaid, upon receipt of price.

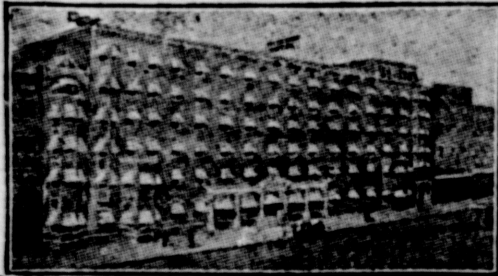
For sale by the People's Drug Store.

WINDSOR HOTEL

W. T. BRUBAKER, Manager.

European, \$1.00 per day and up

American, \$2.50 per day and up



Midway between Broad Street

Station and Reading Terminal

on Filbert Street.

The only moderate priced hotel

of reputation and consequence in

PHILADELPHIA

WANTED boarding in a private house. Apply Times office.

FOR SALE—2 houses, Nos. 218 and 215 West Middle street. Inquire of Mr. George Reichle.

PRINCE MIGUEL SUED

Syndicate Wants \$1,000,000 Following Marriage to American.

Budapest, Dec. 7.—A syndicate of creditors is suing Prince Miguel of Braganza, who married Miss Anita Stewart, of New York, at Tullock Castle, Dingwall, Scotland, Sept. 15 last, for \$1,000,000.

Some years ago, a report says, Prince Miguel was in financial difficulties and the syndicate advanced to him a large sum payable when he should make a rich marriage. The claim is set up that, following the negotiations which resulted in his marriage to Miss Anita Stewart, the prince promised to recoup the syndicate with one-fifth of the dowry, which was \$5,000,000.

Now Prince Miguel declines to pay anything beyond the amount borrowed.

KILLED IN RUNAWAY

Bridgeton Man Pitched to Ground and Wheels Pass Over Him.

Bridgeton, N. J., Dec. 7.—James McIntire met death in a runaway accident. He was driving a wagon, heavily loaded with boxes, when the horses took fright and he was pitched to the ground. The wagon passed over him and he was killed almost instantly. He was about fifty-five years old.

GOMPERS GETS WRIT FROM HIGH COURT

Contempt Case to be Reviewed by Supreme Tribunal.

U. S. Supreme Court Will Review Sentence of Labor Leaders.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The supreme court of the United States granted the petition for a writ of certiorari in the contempt case of Samuel Gompers, Frank Morrison and John Mitchell, officers of the American Federation of Labor.

The effect of the decision will be to bring the entire record in the Bucks Stove and Range case against these men to the supreme court for review.

The contempt case grew out of a proceeding in the local courts of the District of Columbia to prohibit the federation from boycotting the Bucks Stove and Range company, of St. Louis. Pending the decision of that case on its merits the supreme court of the district issued a temporary injunction against the publication of the name of the stove company in the "we don't patronize" list of the federation.

This decision was freely commented upon in the federations' organ, and the contempt proceeding was based upon this comment.

After extended hearings the three men were sentenced to imprisonment by Justice Wright. Gompers receiving twelve months, Mitchell nine and Morrison six. Upon appeal the District court of appeals affirmed the decision. The supreme court will review the entire case as thus made out.

YERKES CASE SETTLED

Judge Confirms Agreement by Which Widow Gives Up Claim to \$3,000,000.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Judge Cutting, in the probate court, confirmed an agreement entered into some weeks ago by Mrs. Mary Adelaide Yerkes, widow of



the late Charles T. Yerkes, the executor of the traction magnate's estate, and heirs of the estate, by which Mrs. Yerkes relinquishes personal claim to property in New York and Chicago valued at \$3,000,000.

The confirmation of the agreement brings to an end litigation against the executor of the estate, L. S. Owsley, and specifically provides that Mrs. Yerkes waives all of her claims to the real estate and personal property in New York, she to receive her dower in all the real estate and the widow's third of the personal property, after all debts are paid, and receiving \$400,000 in lieu of the claims which she relinquishes.

Gave \$250,000 to Fight Cancer. New York, Dec. 7.—George Crocker gave to Columbia university before his death at least \$250,000 to encourage study of cancer, which had caused the death of his wife and which was then sapping his own life.

Taft Suffers With Cold. Washington, Dec. 7.—Visitors to the White House found President Taft suffering from a cold which he contracted Saturday or Sunday.

MORSE LOSES IN SUPREME COURT

Financier is Refused Writ of Certiorari.

FIFTEEN YEARS HIS SENTENCE

His Only Hope to Keep Out of Jail Rests With United States Circuit Court on a Motion For a New Trial.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The United States supreme court denied the petition of attorneys for Charles W. Morse, the New York financier, for a writ of certiorari to bring Morse's case from the United States circuit court in New York to the supreme court.

The action of the supreme court means that unless Morse's attorneys can get this appeal before that tribunal in some other form, the sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment imposed by the United States district court which the circuit court has affirmed, will stand.

Morse's only hope now rests in his appeal for a new trial in the United States circuit court on a motion made three weeks ago charging misconduct by the jurors who heard his case.

The consensus of opinion in federal court circles here appears to be that the motion for a new trial will be denied. The government's contention will be that the circuit court has no jurisdiction in the matter now that the supreme court at Washington has refused to review the case.

Henry L. Stimson, who, as special assistant to the United States attorney general, has been retained to prosecute the Morse and sugar cases, would say nothing except that the matter was now in the hands of Marshal Henkel. It was said authoritatively on his behalf, however, that in case the circuit court denies the motion for a new trial and an appeal from the refusal is taken to the circuit court of appeals the government will at once ask the higher tribunal to vacate altogether the stay which has been granted and urge the immediate removal of Morse to Atlanta. Neither the original motion nor an appeal from its denial would in themselves operate as a stay of the execution of sentence.

Charles W. Morse was convicted of misapplying the funds of the National Bank of North America, of which he was formerly vice president, on Nov. 6, 1908, after a trial lasting three weeks. He was locked up in the Tombs until last July, when Mrs. Morse succeeded in getting bail for him to the amount of \$125,000, furnished by twenty of the banker's friends and business associates. The United States circuit court of appeals affirmed the lower court's verdict of conviction on Oct. 11 of this year, and application was at once made to the supreme court at Washington for a writ of certiorari, which was refused. The motion for a retrial is the only resource left.

COOK RECORDS IN DENMARK

Committee of Scientists Appointed to Receive Explorer's Data.

Copenhagen, Dec. 7.—Rector Torp of the University of Copenhagen; Chancellor Salomonsen and Professor Ellis Stromgren have been delegated to receive the North Polar records of Dr. Frederik A. Cook on behalf of the university. These records are being brought here by Dr. Cook's secretary, who arrived at Christiansand.

As soon as the papers are in the possession of these men a consistory will be held, at which a committee of examination will be appointed. The president of this committee will be Professor Stromgren, and the other members will be made up of scientists and explorers such as Commodore Hovgaard.

T. R. TO RETURN IN JUNE

Former President Will Meet Wife About Middle of March.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Word has been received here from former President Roosevelt to the effect that he and his son Kermit are in the best of health and spirits. Also that they expect to return to the United States some time next June.

Mrs. Roosevelt will leave here early in February. She will meet them at Khartoum, on the Nile, in the Egyptian Sudan, the middle of March. They will proceed to Europe. There the former president will deliver addresses in Berlin, Paris and London. They will sail from the latter city for New York early in June.

"Taft" Turkey, Wins Prize.

St. Louis, Dec. 7.—"Taft," a bronze turkey gobbler, weighing fifty-five pounds, won the grand prize over 150 competitors from twenty-three states and Canada at the Missouri state poultry show, which opened here. "Taft" is owned by S. S. Havens, of Shelbyville, Ind.

Family of Four Fatally Burned. Pittsburgh, Dec. 7.—Myrtle Johnson, five years old, was burned to death and her mother and two young brothers were fatally burned in a fire which destroyed their home at Connellsville, near here.

The Weather. Forecast for this section: Rain or snow today or tonight; tomorrow, snow and colder; clearing; wide becoming southerly and increasing.

PREFERS JAIL TO MARRIAGE

Girl Refuses to Wed Man Who Has to Use Ear Trumpet.

Indianapolis, Dec. 7.—Confronted with the alternative of going to prison or marrying a man who has to use an ear trumpet, Miss Florence Alden said she'd prefer the prison sentence rather than ruin her voice by yelling to the man the balance of her life. She was sentenced to the woman's prison for two months and was smiling.

The young woman had corresponded with Herman Schroeder, an Oklahoma farmer, and he appeared here and wanted the marriage agreement carried out. He had sent her sums of money at various times, and when he arrived here he found that she had misrepresented herself and also that she would not marry him.

Schroeder lives near Freedom, Okla., and he is a typical backwoods farmer in appearance. Besides he carried an ear trumpet and his sight was defective. He carried his money in an old sock. He is thirty-four years old. Miss Alden said she awoke from her matrimonial dreams when she saw her affianced husband.

GIRL, 13 1-2 YEARS OLD, WEDS

Parents Consent and Young Bride Is Perfectly Happy.

Georgetown, Del., Dec. 7.—Richard Banks, a young man of Williamsville, took to himself a child wife, supposed to be the youngest girl ever married in Delaware, when he was married to Miss Orna Hickman, of Bayard, aged thirteen and a half years. The wedding was held with the full consent of the parents of the young bride, and was solemnized at the home of the girl's mother.

The girl seems perfectly happy with her new husband and has stated to several friends that she cannot see why she should not get married when she had found the one she loves. She will reside with her husband at the farm which her mother owns.

ATE EGGS TO PROVE THEY WERE FRESH

Wilkes-Barre Grocer Proved Claim When Arrested.

Grocer Proves They Were Fresh When Sued by Woman.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Dec. 7.—When Dominick Sarvo, a grocer, was arrested on the charge that eggs he sold to Mrs. Mary Hensky were not fresh, Alderman Donohue suggested that the best way to decide the case was for Sarvo to eat the eggs in question. Mrs. Olensky had broken six of a dozen and a half, and she swore that they were woefully bad. She produced the remaining dozen as evidence. Sarvo said the eggs were good and that he and his family used them.

"All right," directed the alderman; "prove what you say by eating these twelve."

Sarvo was willing, but said twelve was too heavy a meal. His brother-in-law, Michael Alligis, thereupon volunteered to eat half. Each man then ate six of the eggs with apparent relish, and Sarvo was discharged.

Town Turns Out to Snowball.

El Paso, Tex., Dec. 7.—For the first time in fourteen years there was sufficient snow at Globe, Ariz., for snowballing, and the people of the town quit their business for the sport. Some of the men got too rough with their snowballs and a fight opened up, resulting in a dozen men being arrested and James Simpson being seriously injured by a ball of ice and snow.

Kills Colored Assailant in Self-Defense

Pottsville, Pa., Dec. 7.—Harry Kimmel, of Lorberry, aged twenty-two years, while on his way to church at Lincoln, in the western part of Schuylkill county, was attacked by John Robinson, colored, aged fifty-six years, whom he had refused to help in a fight. In self-defense he turned and shot his assailant twice through the stomach. Death resulted.

Charged With Raising Check.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Charged with raising to \$30,000 a check for \$107, Pablo Yordi, a citizen of Mexico, must return to his own country for trial, according to a decision of the supreme court.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

The Latest Closing Prices For Produce and Live Stock.

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR steady; winter low grades, \$4.40@4.60; winter clear, \$4.80@5; city mills, fancy, \$6@6.20.

RYE FLOUR firm, at \$4.35@4.50 per barrel.

WHEAT firm; No. 2 red, \$1.14@1.16.

CORN steady; No. 2 yellow, local, 67@69c.

OATS steady; No. 2 white, 47½c; lower grades, 46c.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 14½@15c; old roosters, 11c. Dressed steady; choice fowls, 17½c; old roosters, 12c.

BUTTER steady; extra creamery, 25c per lb.

EGGS firm; selected, 35@37c; near-by, 32c; western, 32c.

POTATOES steady, at 58@60c per bushel.

Live Stock Markets.

PITTSBURGH (Union Stock Yards) — CATTLE steady; choice, \$6.80@7.10; prime, \$6.50@6.75.

SHRIMP steady; prime wethers, \$4.90@5; culls and common, \$2@3; lambs, \$5@7.50; veal calves, \$5@9.50.

HOGS higher; prime heavies, \$8.55@8.80; mediums, \$8.40@8.50; heavy, \$8.40@8.50; light Yorkers, \$8.40@8.50; pigs, \$8.25@8.50; rough, \$7@7.50.

BRAIN MESSAGE BY WIRELESS.

By MARTIN ANDREWS.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

This is an age of rationalism. Every day we are more inclined to condemn superstition and certain frauds by which it is supported. But while we are losing faith in the miraculous there is a growing disposition to explain wonders scientifically.

I am especially subject to thought transference, and so is my wife. When together a thought no sooner enters the head of one of us than the other gives expression to it. I am a scientific man and expect the time to come when one will be able to detect the subtle cause or means of this communication.

Some years ago I went as scientist on an exploring expedition. We were obliged to enter into an ocean that was then comparatively unknown. Our maps were the best that could be obtained, but had not received the same attention as other districts. Besides, convulsions beneath the sea are constantly occurring to change the conditions.

We were sailing northward, within a hundred miles of a coast running northeast and southwest. It was near midnight. I was sound asleep in my berth. Suddenly I awoke. What occurred during this awakening I am not going to attempt to explain except negatively. It was not a dream. It was not a vision. I heard nothing. I saw nothing. It was rather a consciousness. In that infinitesimal bit of time, during which I passed from a sound sleep to a wide awake condition, my wife, who was several thousand miles distant from me, was gesticulating wildly, convulsed with terror, pointing and crying, "Keep off!"

As I have said, I received this as a brain impression. The moment I was awake it was gone. There were the usual roll of the ship and creaking of timbers, and I looked out of the port-hole. The night was starlight, and there was but a fair wind. Nevertheless what had occurred had impressed me thoroughly with a sense of danger. I arose, put on my clothes and went on deck. The officer in charge, John Jacobson, was pacing the after deck. There was no land in sight, nothing but a broad expanse of ocean.

"What is it?" asked the officer as I joined him.

"Why do you ask the question?" "Why? You wouldn't be coming up here at this time of night for nothing. Besides, you look as if you'd seen a ghost."

"John," I replied, "will you do something for me without a reason?"

"What is it?"

"That's shoreward out there, isn't it?" I pointed westward.

"Yes."

"Put her off to northwest."

"Good Lord! What for?"

"It was to be without a reason."

"What will the old man do to me?"

"I'll take the responsibility and stand between you and him. Come, John, be quick! There's danger ahead!"

He seemed to catch an inspiration of fear from me and gave the necessary orders. As the ship was rounding to her new course I went to the port gunwale and looked over.

"Come here, quick!" I called to the officer.

He came and looked over the side with me.

"What's that?" I asked.

"I see nothing," he replied.

"Not that whitish line out there?"

He continued to peer and suddenly cried under his breath, "Great heavens!" then gave the order to the helmsman to sheer off to starboard. He saw, as I did, a thin white line. It could only be foam and could only come from submerged rocks. It ran north and south, broken here and there by the dark water to reappear farther on. We got only a glimpse of it, for our change of course served to take us away from it. For a time we both stood with bated breath, every moment expecting a shock or to hear the hold beneath us grating on a reef. Then I went below and called the captain.

We saw no more evidences of the sunken reef, but on reaching the next port learned that it had been recently discovered by others. Its appearance dated from the last earthquake on the coast.

I made a note of the day, hour and minute, as near as the latter was possible, that my warning came to me, and when some months later I returned to my wife I told her my story. Without waiting to hear me through she interrupted to tell me that while I was away she had dreamed she saw our ship sailing toward a sunken reef. She tried to warn us off, but could not do so. Her terror awoke her. She looked up the date and found it tallied with my memorandum.

A reference of my warning to scientific causes may be weakened by its dependence on a dream. Dreams are now believed to be simply mental activity of the dreamer. But why should not that mental activity have experiences as well as when the mind is awake? And, if so, why could not what was experienced be communicated? I can conceive of my wife's communicating her experience to me through thought transference as readily as I can conceive of a message sent by wireless telegraph to a vessel far out at sea. This process may some day be solved. How she gained a knowledge of our danger is a problem a solution of which must be more remote.

WOMAN WANTED HUSBAND SLAIN

Says Widow Offered \$1000 to
have him killed.

SHE COLLAPSED IN COURT

Witness Declares Mrs. Wilhelm Twice
Offered Him Money to Murder Her
Husband—His Wife Overheard and
Put Her Out of the House.

New York, Dec. 7.—There was some sensational testimony in the court of oyer and terminer in Newark at the opening of the trial of Mrs. Mary J. Wilhelm, who was indicted jointly with Nicholas S. Sica, her lover, for the murder of her husband, Frank



MRS. FRANK WILHELM.

Wilhelm, a real estate operator, who was found shot to death in his home, 448 High street, Newark, on Feb. 1 last.

In opening the case for the state, Prosecutor Wilbur T. Mott, after saying that he would offer evidence to prove that Mrs. Wilhelm twice offered \$1000 to a man if he would kill her husband, called William Levy, a painter, to the stand. At the conclusion of this witness' testimony Mrs. Wilhelm collapsed, but was revived shortly after.

Levy testified that Mrs. Wilhelm went to his home and offered him \$1000 if he would kill Wilhelm. According to the witness, she said:

"He's got an insurance policy. He don't give me any money and never gave me a cent. I have to make money to pay for the policy. You're broke. Here's a chance to make a thousand easy. He's coming home with \$1000 from the building and loan association, and has to pass through a lot. Meet him and kill him, and I'll give you \$1000."

Levy testified further that his wife, who was in the kitchen, overheard the conversation and put Mrs. Wilhelm out of the house.

"About two months later," Levy testified, "Mrs. Wilhelm saw me again. She said she had put ground glass in Wilhelm's tea, but that Wilhelm felt it on his tongue. He asked her about it, and she said a glass had fallen off the mantelpiece."

Two years ago, the witness said, he received a postal card from Mrs. Wilhelm, offering him a job of painting the Wilhelm house in Rose street. He said he took his foreman, Charles Seigel, with him. "She offered me a drink in the kitchen," said Levy, "and told me her husband was coming home with money and that the same \$1000 was there for me. Mrs. Wilhelm said, 'Meet him in the lots and kill him.' Seigel became alarmed and we left."

Road Caves In; Cow Is Swallowed.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Dec. 7.—While she was peacefully grazing upon a garbage dump near Mahanoy City park, a large red cow was swallowed up in a big cave-in, which also carried away a big portion of the public road. Tunnel Ridge mine lies underneath the affected surface. The cow was killed.

Marking Confederates' Graves.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The marking of the graves of Confederate soldiers who died in northern prisons probably will occupy all of next year, and Secretary of War Dickinson asked for an extension of time for performing this work.

Woman Drowned.

Berwick, Pa., Dec. 7.—As she went to the river's edge to fill a pail of water, Mrs. Katherine Terry, of West Berwick, aged forty-five years, fell in and was drowned, despite heroic efforts made to save her.

Pierce Must Stand Trial.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 7.—Judge Calhoun overruled all exceptions offered by H. Clay Pierce, the oil magnate, in the proceedings against him, charging false swearing, and ordered the trial to proceed.

Actor Shot During Rehearsal.

Flint, Mich., Dec. 7.—During the rehearsal of a sketch at the Savoy theater, Oscar Hayward, twenty-four years old, accidentally shot himself in the arm.

CALHOUN GOES TO CHINA

President Taft Names Chicago Man
For Minister.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The appointment of William J. Calhoun, of Chicago, to be minister to China was announced at the state department. When Calhoun was first asked to take the place he declined. Secretary of State Knox, however, asked him to reconsider the offer. He was urged by Senator Cullom, of Illinois, and other friends to accept the appointment. The Chinese government, it was said, has been sounded on the appointment and has advised the state department that Mr. Calhoun was acceptable.

President Taft will send to the senate soon nominations for several important diplomatic appointments. Among the nominations will be that of Robert Bacon, of New York, to be ambassador to France; Richard C. Kerens, of St. Louis, to be ambassador to Austria-Hungary; Henry Lane Wilson, of Washington state, now minister to Belgium, to be ambassador to Mexico, and Charles Page Bryan, now minister to Portugal, to be minister to Belgium.

THE CZARINA ILL

Members of Imperial Family Called to
Livadia.

Rome, Dec. 7.—The Tribuna says that the czarina is seriously ill at Livadia. She has had several attacks, from which she has recovered with great difficulty. She is greatly depressed. Several members of the Russian imperial family received urgent requests from Livadia and started at once to see her majesty.

The nature of the attacks from which the czarina is suffering is not specified, but it is presumed they are due to neurasthenia, with which she has been troubled for a long time.

SCALES FIXED AS U.S. AGENTS APPROACH

Electric Light Used to Warn
Crooked Sugar Weighers.

New York, Dec. 7.—New matter was introduced by the government in the trial in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court of James F. Bendersnagel, Oliver Spitzer and the four former checkers of the Havemeyer & Elder refinery in Williamsburg, by the testimony of two government laborers, revealing the existence of an electric light signal system to warn the checkers on the docks of the approach of government agents and inspectors. The two witnesses, whose testimony created something of a mild sensation in the crowded court room, were Frederick B. Sanders, colored, and John Rochefort, both of whom were employed as laborers by the government and assigned frequently to work on the Williamsburg docks of the sugar company.

Sanders testified that there was an electric light in each of the seventeen scale houses in which the government weighers worked. He had frequently seen these lights flash after becoming dim as though about to go out. He always noticed after these flashes that somebody connected with the government would appear on the dock within a very short time. He noticed that on the flashes being given the sugar company's checkers would hasten to balance the scales, so that by the time the government people had appeared everything would be in order.

Sanders said that these signals were common talk on the Williamsburg docks, and that he had known them to be flashed when General Clarkson, survivor of the port, and James F. Vail, until a few weeks ago deputy collector, visited the docks. He was unable to give the dates of these visits, but said he had seen both officials there several times.

John Rochefort, the other laborer, corroborated Sanders in every particular.

Leopard Attacks Keeper.

Boston, Dec. 7.—Fighting a female leopard in its cage at Norumbega park with clubs, three keepers, Samuel Stevenson, James Barry and Teddy Harrington, were saved from severe injury and possible death when Carl Albert, manager of the park, attracted by the cries, shot the animal with a rifle, killing it instantly. The three keepers were transferring a pair of leopards from their large cage to a box for shipment to their winter quarters and had succeeded in getting the male leopard into the box, when the female sprang at Harrington.

Walsh Will Appeal.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—The petition of John R. Walsh, convicted banker, for a writ of review from the United States supreme court, will be filed in Washington Dec. 20. This action was decided on by his counsel and marks the last attempt of the former financier to escape the penalty of five years' imprisonment imposed on the verdict finding him guilty of misapplying the funds of the Chicago National bank while he was its president.

Church Opens Store.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 7.—The congregation of the Twelfth Avenue Baptist church, in this city, has opened a grocery store and meat market in a building near the church, and the proceeds of the sales will be used in paying off the church debt, which amounts to about \$4000.

PROBE FOR BIG INSURANCE CO.

Irregularities in Phenix May
Cost \$1,000,000.

PRESIDENT IS ACCUSED

It Is Alleged He Speculated With
Funds of Company and Is Removed
From Office—Facts Reported to Dis-
trict Attorney For Criminal Action.
Made False Reports.

New York, Dec. 7.—The directors of the Phenix Insurance company, a \$1,500,000 Brooklyn fire insurance concern, with offices in Manhattan, removed from office, at the instance of the insurance department, George P. Sheldon, who has been president of the company for twenty-two years. The department believes that the company has lost \$1,000,000 of its \$13,000,000 surplus under his management and accuses him of speculating with the funds of the company, maintaining a speculative margin account on its name, putting up its assets as collateral, drawing on the account in the brokerage office and converted the proceeds of the draft to his own use. The company is accused of making false reports to the department for the last ten years and of lending its money, in violation of law, to President Sheldon and Secretary Charles F. Koster.

Superintendent W. H. Hotchkiss, of the insurance department, has called District Attorney Jerome's attention to the case. The directors chose as president in place of Mr. Sheldon, E. W. T. Gray, who has been auditor of the Continental Insurance company. Some Securities Missing.

Superintendent Hotchkiss says that no evidence has been discovered that the securities of the Phenix are not now intact, although some of them were not in the company's vaults when the examination began in October, and no evidence has been found that the assets have been so depleted that the public which holds its policies need be much concerned. Whether or not the capital is impaired has not yet been determined. The stock is \$50 par. The last quotation was \$250 bid and \$270 asked.

Loans to Officials.

The directors who permitted Mr. Sheldon to run the company are held by the department to be equally responsible to the public. The present directors are: George Ingraham, vice president; Charles F. Koster, secretary, who is accused of borrowing money from the company; John Cartledge, E. C. Converse, B. J. Greenhut, George H. Hard, Frank J. Logan and William J. Logan. It also appears that the company used to lend money to insurance officials. Superintendent Jim Pierce borrowed \$39,500, some of which was not repaid until after his death; Chief Examiner Isaac Vanderpool borrowed \$100,000; Deputy Superintendent Robert H. Hunter, \$60,000, and Third Deputy Superintendent William H. Buckley, \$61,000. The loan to Hunter still shows \$18,000 loss.

Sheldon Is Dying.

Greenwich, Conn., Dec. 7.—George P. Sheldon, who was removed from office as president of the Phenix Insurance company, is lying at the point of death at the Maples. What started to be ptomaine poisoning from eating scallops later developed into dropsy. He has been delirious for a week. His friends do not look for his recovery.

AVIATOR KILLED

Fernandez Crushed to Death When
Aeroplane Falls.

Nice, Dec. 7.—Fernandez, the aviator who took part recently in several English meetings but was not prominent, was killed at the De La Brague aerodrome, near Antibes. He was flying at an altitude of about thirty feet when, owing to a mistake by Fernandez in steering his machine, it crashed to the ground and he was crushed to death.

King Alfonso Faces Operation.

Paris, Dec. 7.—Gil Blas affirms that despite repeated denials that King Alfonso of Spain is suffering from any ear or throat trouble. Dr. Moure, who was consulted recently by the Spanish king, has declared that an operation is necessary. Gil Blas states the pronouncement of the doctors has created the greatest alarm among the members of the Spanish royal family and also in political circles in Spain. No decision has yet been reached as to the date when the operation will be performed.

Lad Steals Eighty Sermons.

Chambersburg, Pa., Dec. 7.—Raymond Rumley, of Waynesboro, pleaded guilty to stealing eighty sermons from the home of Rev. V. T. Rue, pastor of the Waynesboro Methodist Episcopal church, after the minister had prayer with the boy in court. The pastor then asked the court to suspend sentence, and this was done.

Child Looked In Burns to Death.

Tyrene, Pa., Dec. 7.—Mrs. George Carson looked her four-year-old boy in the kitchen while she called on a neighbor, and while she was away the little fellow set fire to his clothing, and this was done.

C. W. Weaver & Son

C. W. Weaver & Son

....The Leaders....

GETTYSBURG, PA.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT SUGGESTION

FURS! FURS! FURS!

Few things please a woman as much as **FURS**—be it a **Neck Piece**, or a **SET**—or above all—a **COAT**.

In order to give our customers an opportunity not usual in towns of this size, we have arranged to show the line of a noted New York Furrier at our store on Friday, December 10th.

For One Day Only

This exhibit will be in charge of a man who knows furs thoroughly—Come to see him—even if you are not quite ready to buy—Orders for Coats, or fine Neck Pieces and Sets, will be taken at a great saving in price over regular stock. We make the prices—and will save you the cost of a good Muff on the buying of a Fur Coat.

This is positively a chance to stretch the Christmas money, on the buying of something fine, that does not come often.

THE MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse
corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, J.
Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
New Dry Wheat	1.10
New Ear Corn	.60
Rye	.70
New Oats	.42

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Cotton Seed meal	1.70
Cotton Seed meal per ton	33.00
Badger Cow Feed	1.30
Schmacker Stock Feed	1.50
Wheat Bran	1.30
Corn and Oats Chop	1.50
White Middlings	1.50
Red Middlings	1.40
Timothy hay	.85
Rye chop	1.60
Baled straw	.50
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.25 per bbl.

	Per bbl.
Flour	\$5.50
Western flour	6.00

	Per bu.
Wheat	1.20
Corn	.80
New Ear Corn	.70
New oats	.50

PRODUCE AT WHOLESALE

Butter firm, good demand, 24c. in the print; eggs, market firm, 23c. live fowl, 11c; Spring Chicken, 12 calves 06

THEY GREW OLD APART

By MERIAM B. BECKWITH.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

"Harry, dear," said the young wife on her deathbed, "when I am gone forget me. Seek some one to fill the place I leave vacant. Don't delay. Never mind if the world says, 'This man has no sooner buried one wife than he begins looking for another.' I know what is best for you. The longer you put it off the less you will desire it, and I don't wish you to become again used to bachelor habits."

"The place you will leave vacant will remain vacant."

"I have given you my wish; I can't argue with you, and I can't remain with you to influence you, though, if possible, I will do so from the other existence. One word more. If you delay and become a middle aged or an old man before marrying again choose a young woman who will bear you children to love you and for you to love. When you think of me picture me watching over you trying to lead you in the path that I know will alone bring you happiness."

When all was over and he began the life without her these words came back to him, and he was wonder-stricken that they should have been spoken by a woman, and that woman his own wife. "But the realization of her wish is impossible," he reasoned, "because I shall never find the woman who can fill the place she has left vacant, and if I could find one who could fill it I would not wish it filled."

On this account and from preference he hugged her memory and ignored her wishes. Shortly before her death and while she was in the flush of health her portrait had been painted. This portrait he took from the wall where it hung and placed it over his desk in his study. He was a literary man, and his work was influenced by the woman whose mental and moral strength and virtues were memorialized in the portrait.

A year passed, and he still loved—a memory. Was it love or the memory of a love? He never asked himself the question. He did not doubt that it was love. It might not occupy his mind, he admitted, as much as at first, but this is true of one we love who has been gone a long while. Those who are absent do not occupy our thoughts as if they were present, but on their return we find them as dear to us as ever. At times he would remember her earnest look when she had made her last strange request and would experience a momentary troubled regret that he could not accede to it. Then he would recall the reason and would be satisfied.

One day five years after her death he stood looking at her picture. It seemed to him that there was a more mature look about it than he had before noticed. The lips did not appear

so red, the eyes not quite so bright. Then a sudden pleasing thought struck him. He was growing older, and some unexplained mental or, rather, soul construction within him was enabling him to see her growing older with him. Whence it sprung or what power had planted it he cared not. It was there. They would grow old together.

Another period passed, and he noticed a greater change. The cheeks seemed to have lost some of its roundness. The nostril was thinner. There were faint whitish pencil streaks on the hair that might be the effect of light on the canvas or a beginning of white hair. There were lines about the eyes and on the neck. Two feelings within him contended for mastery—a pleasure that he was not leaving her in youth behind him and a distress that her beauty was fading.

These mingled feelings did not leave him. He thought the distress that she should change was unnatural. Does a husband regret to see the wife he loves grow plain? Does she, indeed, grow plain to him? The latter question set him off on another course of thought. Supposing a man loses a wife of twenty. At forty or fifty she comes back to him. Is love the same as if she had grown old beside him? He could not make up his mind that it would be.

From this time he noticed a change in his feelings toward the picture. It was not the same to him. In vain he tried to get used to this singular transformation in it, which he attributed to some mystical soul effect. He felt that it and he were diverging. Instead of growing old together they were growing old on different lines. Then it began to be repulsive to him.

He was struggling with a desire to remove it when one morning a girl of twenty stumbled into his study. Her cheeks were ruddy enough without the blush that spread itself from her forehead to her dimpled chin. A startled look was in her eye, followed quickly by an embarrassed smile that parted her lips, showing her white teeth. Then hurriedly withdrawing, she shut the door.

From this vision of youthful loveliness he turned to the picture. It was a portrait of one the same age as the girl who had entered and withdrawn. Once it had so appeared to him. Now it was the likeness of a middle aged woman. He did not stop to wonder, as he had often done before, why this was so. He went out and followed the receding girl.

After he had married her he put the picture of his first wife away. To others it is the portrait of a young woman. To him he knows not what it is, for he never looks at it. He believes the soul effect he had experienced was sent by his wife to bend him to her request.

The Grange Did It.

It has been estimated by persons who have made a study of the subject that real estate values in rural districts have increased \$750,000,000 since the establishment of the rural free delivery system.



Is All Very Well,

but the world today is making more interesting history than ever before.

Subscribe for this paper and keep up with the people now on earth.

Hookworm Menacing Cattle.

Cattle in the southern states are considerably affected by the hookworm. In South Carolina especially it is a burning to death.

SUB-GRADE MAKING.

Treatment of This Important Factor In Road Building.

KIND OF MATERIAL TO USE.

Nothing but the Best Obtainable, Says Highway Commissioner—Surfacing Is Also a Prominent Feature That Demands Strict Attention.

A well built road's chief characteristic is not unlike a well constructed house, at least in one respect. Both will have a similarity—namely, a tight roof and a dry cellar. Such a road must have the ability to sustain and hold up into position it should occupy the wearing surface of the road, whether it be two inches or two feet in depth. Any yielding of the sub-grade will be fatal to the road. The whole question of dust laying and road preservative requirements of the hour is simply relegated to a secondary position when compared with this very important feature of the construction, and the remarkable aspect of this important part of road building is that it is not so much the expense, for the



GETTING THE GRADE READY FOR STONE.

[From Good Roads Magazine, New York.] same principle can be adopted in the simple turnpiking of a road as that which will have to be employed in the most expensive construction that we are called upon to build today.

The first principle to follow in every case is to properly drain the section of road to be improved, after which you then take up the question of sub-grade, or foundation upon which to build your road. I have found the best material with which to construct a sub-grade is sand or gravel. Disintegrated rock, with an admixture of light loam, makes a capital sub-grade.

Sprinkling the sand before rolling, using a light roller before using the steam roller or lightening the roller by relieving the boiler of one-half its water capacity is a great assistance in firming the road, as the sand will not then creep before the roller, thus making the sub-grade firm. A little sub-soll placed on top of the sand is a very good practice. This will prevent the material from being pushed ahead of the roller, and it will make a good sustenance for the stone or gravel. If something is not done to make a sandy foundation firm it will shift.

Slighting the sub-grade is sometimes practiced by contractors, with the result that they do not gain anything, for the contractor has to pay in the end an increased expense owing to the fact that there will be a greater shrinkage in the stone.

The wisest contractor is the man who will spend more time with his 15 cents an hour help in forming the sub-grade and thereby require less stone or gravel and other incidental expenses. This is often the reason why the tonnage of stone per mile has been largely exceeded over the original estimate of the contractor. This is very easily

demonstrated by taking the cost of the stone per ton, with freight, the haul from the cars, the time consumed in applying the stone on the road, to say nothing about the expense of watering and rolling required to get the road into a perfect bond—firm and unyielding.

But you will ask naturally, "Is not the road better by reason of the fact that more stone has been used?" Not at all. This would be true if a uniform depth of stone were on the road. But it is an intermittent depth. In some places there may be four inches of stone, while in other places there may be eight inches. The influence of the roller is not uniform where the sub-grade is not sufficiently hard and firm. Wherever there is an intermittent depth of stone the road will develop a weakness because the pressure of the roller on the road has not been uniform.

You must have a good, well built, substantial foundation as well as a good surface—a roof to your road. I do not and never have believed that the surface of the road can ever become an accomplished fact until this all important and necessary adjunct to a good road—the foundation—is taken care of.

Antedating the surface must come directness to your road, then the reduction of these grades to a minimum, then the question of drainage. Of these the most important is under and surface drainage, after which comes the question of surfacing, the least important of all things connected with road building. You want directness to your road to shorten the distance and

GOOD DRAFT HORSES.

Some Handsome Results Can Be Realized by Raising Them.

There has been less fluctuation in the prices of good draft horses than in any other class of domestic animals grown on the farm. For several years there has been a constant advance in price of these horses, and this is likely to go on. This makes it profitable to grow good grade horses of this kind on the farm. The Drovers' Journal, recently referring to this matter, took this view, saying:

The American draft horse has achieved the distinction of being the great industrial factor of the age, and raising draft animals for commercial use has become one of the prominent industries of animal husbandry. The draft horse has added vast wealth to the resources of American farmers, as his production has been a most profitable branch of agriculture.

To raise the best classes of drafters good breeding stock must be used. The mares must be draft bred animals, and they should not weigh less than 1,400 pounds, and 1,600 pounds would be more suitable in the production of the heavy class of drafters. The sire should be the best stallion obtainable, as one cannot use a scrub sire and raise good horses of any breed.

Weaned at five months old, the cost the first year should not exceed \$40, including \$20 for stallion fee. Around \$30 per year for pasture, hay and grain should bring the foal out at three years old weighing 1,550 pounds at a cost approximating \$100. If the youngster is the progeny of a good sire and dam it ought to be worth \$175 and upward, leaving the farmer a net profit of \$75 on the production of the animal. Steers at three years old cannot be produced that will show the net profit of a three-year-old draft youngster. If values fall below these figures they will correspondingly decrease on the other breeds of live stock and still leave the farmer the larger margin of profit in raising good draft classes as contrasted with other branches of animal husbandry.

There is no danger of overproduction of good draft horses, as the foreign demand is of more than ample volume to take all the surplus that farmers can produce at remunerative prices. It is an ideal time to raise good draft horses, as future demand is ready to take the surplus at fair prices.

Hookworm Menacing Cattle.

Cattle in the southern states are considerably affected by the hookworm. In South Carolina especially it is a

serious pest, which often produces death.

The disease comes on with slow fever, diarrhea and loss of appetite. It soon becomes chronic, with constipation, emaciation and thinness of blood. Young cattle are more subject to it than old ones. The worm is found principally in the first part of the small intestine and attacks the mucous membrane with sharp teeth, sucking blood from the wound.

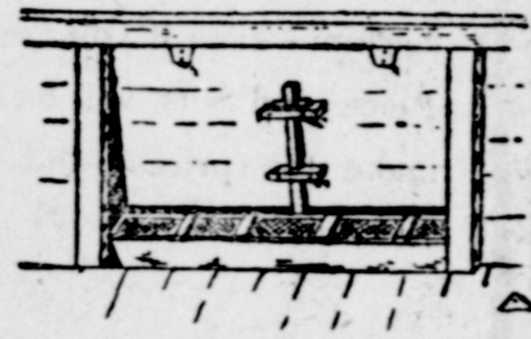
The full grown worm is of about the thickness of a pin and from one-half to five-eighths of an inch in length. Eggs are deposited in the intestines and discharged with the faeces. They seem to hatch in the pasture grass, which they climb, ready to be eaten by the cattle and complete the circle of their life.

The prospect for a cure of the disease is not flattering. Prevention is the main hope. Dry weather is destructive to the parasite. Rotation of crops also tends to destroy it. Manure from the stalls should be disinfected and lowland pastures should be avoided, as the parasite thrives best in damp places.

Unique Door For the Pigger.

A very convenient way of feeding pigs was observed in the swine house of a prominent breeder of Durocs, an arrangement that made the tri-daily feedings a matter of so little difficulty that a child could place the feed before a pen of nursery noses.

The front of each pen was hinged at the top, swinging downward against the farther sides of the uprights, as here shown, the weight of the door



DOOR AND LATCH FOR PIGGER.

being sufficient to hold it in place. On the front of the door is a vertical bar with a pin through the top, as here shown. This is held in place by two wooden blocks notched out to admit of the bars sliding up and down, the blocks being bolted to the door. If desired, the home blacksmith could easily shape a piece of iron to perform the same duty.

At feeding time the bar is lifted and the door swung in past the trough, directly beneath. Then the bar is dropped, thus holding the door back of the trough. This keeps the hungry mob on the other side of the door while the feeder takes his time to clean the trough, if need be, and to pour in the feed. A few transverse bars across the top of the trough prevent any unusually piggyish pig from crowding down the length of the trough to the exclusion of all others. When ready to admit the pigs to the feed the bar is lifted and the door drops to its usual position. Any farmer can build such a device, all that is required, besides the lumber that would have to be used in any case, being the hinges.

Had It In For Them.

Harvey Nanigan's mother-in-law was taken sick at his house one night and helped herself to a large dose of rat poison, thinking it was painkiller. They had a frightful time with the old lady. She had consumed sufficient poison, the doctor said, to kill a dozen persons. But she pulled through.

"It was a close shave," said the doctor the next morning. "She took enough to kill the whole family, but the stuff fortunately must have been in stock for some time, and nearly all its strength was gone."

A month later a friend asked Harvey Nanigan to recommend a reliable druggist to him.

"Squills is a good man, I understand," said the friend. "Know anything about him?"

"Well," said Harvey Nanigan slowly, "I couldn't conscientiously recommend Squills & Co. to you, old man. They swindled me on some rat poison once."—Louisville Times.

—The— Scrap Book

He Ducked.

When Stuart Robson, the actor, was a young man he was an incorrigible practical joker.

He was traveling in England with a friend, a small man called Bill, one summer, and on the Liverpool train Bill fell asleep. While he slept Robson stole his ticket from his pocket. In a little while the conductor was to be seen approaching.

"Tickets, Bill! Get out your ticket!" Robson said.

Bill, after a frantic search, said, with an oath, that his ticket was lost. Robson then advised him to escape paying by hiding under the seat. This Bill decided to do, and when the conductor appeared he lay on his back on the dusty floor quite invisible.

Robson surrendered both tickets, whereupon the conductor said:

"Here are two tickets. Where is your friend, sir?"

"Under the seat," crawled awkwardly there, the actor answered. "I don't know why he wanted to avoid you."

The conductor, surprised, looked under the seat, and Bill, with a look of unguiled rage and chagrin that changed to a sly smile as he caught sight of Robson's face, crawled awkwardly forth.

What There's Time For.

Lots of time for lots of things. Though it's said that time has wings, there is always time to find ways of being sweet and kind. There is always time to share smiles and goodness everywhere; time to send the frowns away, time a gentle word to say, time for helpfulness and time to assist the weak to climb, time to give a little flower, time for friendship any hour, but there is no time to spare for unkindness anywhere.

—Frank Walcott Hunt.

Got Better All the Time.

A party of tourists were doing Boston and Cambridge. Said one: "So this is the cemetery where they say James Russell Lowell as a small boy went out one Halloween night to look for ghosts. I wonder which stone he was hiding behind and if he really did see a ghost."

"I can't tell you, ma'am," answered the guide, "but over here lies a man who had three wives. On the stone of the first one he had inscribed, 'My Wife,' on the stone of the second, 'My Dear Wife,' and on that of the third, 'My Beloved Wife.' If any ghosts try walking around here it ought to be that first wife."

Needed a Bracer.

A Louisville family, whereof a number are young girls, recently entertained a cousin who has rarely ventured out of the mountains of the Blue Grass State. One evening there was a dance in honor of the birthday of one of the young ladies, and it was with considerable difficulty that the backward cousin was induced to come "downstairs" and mingle with the gay company there assembled.

About 10 o'clock a certain young lady, observing that the mountaineer had taken no part in the dancing, said:

"Mr. Cummins, aren't you going to dance with me?"

After an embarrassed pause the visitor said, "I will if you'll excuse me for a few minutes so that I can get about six drinks."

"Heavens!" exclaimed the girl, dumfounded by this extraordinary condition thus imposed.

"I beg your pardon," returned the mountaineer, agast at the effect he had produced, "but the truth is that I never have any confidence in my dancing until I've five or six whiskies."—Lippincott's.

Burn Your Own Smoke.

The first lesson of life is to burn our own smoke—that is, not to inflict on outsiders our personal sorrows and petty morbidness, not to keep thinking of ourselves as exceptional cases.

—James Russell Lowell.

Still In the Dark.

As every lawyer knows, Senator Daniel is the author of a comprehensive treatise on negotiable instruments which is generally considered to be the leading authority on the subject. A friend one day inquired how it was that in the midst of his arduous political duties, which must have demanded his constant attention, he found time to write two such exhaustive volumes.

"Well," replied the senator, "it happened this way: A young fellow I knew came to me one day and said, 'Say, Mr. Daniel, does a sight draft bear interest? And would you believe it?—I couldn't answer that simple question. So I determined then and there to find out all about it. It took me a long time, but I did it.'"

"Well, senator," observed the friend after a short pause, "does a sight draft bear interest?"

There was a moment's silence. "Hanged if I know!" was the abrupt reply.

TAMING A TERROR.

By M. QUAD.

[Copyright, 1906, by American Press Association.]

For ten years Aunt Hannah Day, widow and resident of the village of Clyde, had been a sort of terror to most of the residents. She lived alone and was well to do, and she just doted on lawsuits. At the end of ten years Elder Thomas was about the only citizen of the town worth suing who had not been sued. His time was close at hand, however. He had two hives of bees in his back yard, and they had swarmed earlier than was looked for. Not finding new hives ready, they had passed over into Aunt Hannah's orchard and stung her and her cow and pig before going farther. She decided to start a suit for damages.

Elder Thomas had never had a lawsuit nor been summoned as a jurymen or witness. He had a dread of the law, and the knowledge that he was going to be sued set him trembling.

There was no use for him to go over and see Aunt Hannah. She never changed her mind nor settled a case. He heard of her decision one morning, and he spent the forenoon worrying over it. He was still worrying after dinner when he set out with hoe on his shoulder to work in a cornfield half a mile outside the village. On the edge of the field was a creek, and on the banks of the creek was an old shed in a tumble-down condition. The elder had been hilling up corn for about a quarter of an hour when a voice called to him from the shed. He raised his head and listened, and it called again. He dropped his hoe and took a few steps forward, and the voice cried out:

"Stop, Elder Thomas! Stop right where you are!"

"Who is it?"

"It's me—Aunt Hannah."

"Are you in the shed?"

"Yes."

"For the land's sake, but what are you doing way out here, and what's happened to you?"

"You keep your place right where you are, and I'll tell you. I came out to pick some blackberries, and after I got here the fit took me to go in swimming in the creek. I undressed in the shed and paddled round for half an hour, and when I came out of the water I found that an infernal hog had chewed all my clothes to rags. There ain't a piece left as big as my hand. I've been waiting here a whole hour."

"But what are you going to do?" asked the elder as he scratched the back of his head.

"Don't ask fool questions! I've got to get home, haven't I? And I can't get home without some clothes. I'd need clothes even if I waited till midnight."

"I guess you would; but, you see, I can't lend you any of mine. All I've got on is shirt and trousers."

"Who wants to borrow any of you? I don't, I'm sure. I want you to go home and tell your wife about it and bring me back a bundle of her clothes. You don't s'pose I'd go back to town in trousers, do you? What you sneaking up higher for?"

"I want to sit down on that log and talk to you a minute. You sent me word this morning that you was going to sue me about the bees."

"Yes, I did. It was all your fault, and you'll have to pay smart money for it."

It struck the elder as he sat down on the log that the situation was in his hands, so to say. The spot was a quarter of a mile off the road and very retired. There was hardly a chance of the woman finding another messenger for two or three days. Accident might enable him to accomplish what delegations and committees had failed to.

"Well, why don't you go?" asked Aunt Hannah after a long minute.

"Do you think I want to stay here all the afternoon? There may be more'n forty hogs in my garden by this time. There are tramps around, and mebbe some of 'em are robbing the house."

"Yes, just as you say," replied the elder, "but I think we'd better have a talk before I go after any clothes. Why should I go after clothes for a woman who's going to make me trouble?"

"You didn't take care of them bees."

"And you didn't take care of your clothes."

"But I've never stopped a lawsuit and never will."

"And I've never lugged clothes for a woman fool enough to let a hog chaw up her duds. I'll go back to work, and you can get some one else."

Aunt Hannah was spunky, and she stood out for half an hour. Then she called the elder back to the log and agreed not to begin suit against him.

"That ain't enough," he replied. "I've been thinking. You've made lots of folks lots of trouble. It's time you stopped the lawsuit business. If you can't see it that way you'll have to get out of this trouble as best you can. I'm going to start for home soon, and I'll be neighborly enough in case I meet any tramps on the way to send 'em here. They may lend you some clothes."

"Elder Thomas, you are a brute! S'posing it was your wife?"

"My wife don't sue folks."

There were threats and arguments and entreaties, but the elder stood firm, and the victory was his. When Aunt Hannah had given her solemn word to give up the law, he went after the clothes. He not only brought them, but he brought his wife along as well and then retired into the corn and left the two women together. There were pledges and promises given, and for years it was a mystery to the relieved citizens of Clyde why Aunt Hannah so suddenly reformed. She died a few months ago, and so there is no longer occasion for secrecy.

Truthful Reports

Gettysburg Reads Them With Uncommon Interest.

A Gettysburg citizen tells his experience in the following statement. No better evidence than this can be had. The truthful reports of friends and neighbors is the best proof in the world. Read and be convinced.

Penrose Myers, 12 Baltimore St., Gettysburg, Pa., says: "I have to be on my feet a great deal of the time and this served to weaken my kidneys. A constant pain across my back, caused me much misery and at times was so acute that I could hardly stoop. I also had trouble from rheumatism, at times being very lame and stiff, especially in the morning. I was feeling quite miserable when my attention was drawn to Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box at the People's drug store. They effected a complete cure and I am today without a sign of kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Western Maryland RR

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT. 26, 1906

Trains leave Gettysburg DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, as follows:

5:52 a. m., for Baltimore, Hanover and York and all intermediate points.

8:08 a. m., for Fairfield, Pen Mar Hagerston, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hagerston, Cumberland, Elkins and all points westward.

1:00 p. m., for New Oxford, Hanover, York and intermediate points.

1:42 p. m., for Baltimore, Hanover, York and all intermediate points.

5:45 p. m., for B. & H. Division Points to Highfield, also Hagerston, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Shippensburg and Anock.

Sundays Only

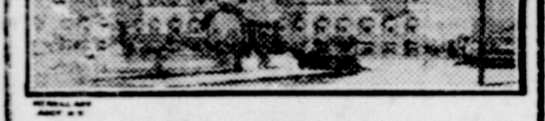
Sunday trains arrive at Gettysburg at 3:55 a. m.

5:40 p. m., local train to York.

5:50 p. m., for New Oxford, Hanover and intermediate points, and also Baltimore.

A. Robertson, F. M. Howell, V. P. & Gen. Mgr. G. P. A.

PHILADELPHIA



The Rittenhouse

The Rittenhouse is one of the most exclusive hotels in Philadelphia, catering to transient and permanent guests alike, making it a most desirable hotel for ladies traveling alone.

Rooms \$1.50 per day and up. American Plan, \$4.00 per day and up.

Write for Booklet.

J. P. WILLIAMS, Mgr

Public Sale of Personal Property

On Thursday the 16th day of December, 1906, the undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of C. P. Krise, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa. dec'd, will sell on the farm of John H. Eckert, located near Fairplay School House on the road leading from Gettysburg to Fairfield, said farm being now occupied by Alonza Yingling, the following personal property: Four cows, two calves about six months old, one heifer about a year old, a two year old bull.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. on said farm when attendance will be given and terms made known by

J. L. BUTT, Executor

CURES PIMPLES QUICKLY

Simple Remedy That Soon Clears Skin of All Eruptions.

For several weeks past L. M. Buehler has done the biggest business he ever had in any one article in selling Hokara, the skin food that has won so many friends in Gettysburg.

It has been found to be an absolute cure, not only for all minor skin troubles such as pimples, blackheads, herpes, acne, scaly scalp, complexion blemishes, itching feet, piles, etc., but for the worst sores, ulcers, or even chronic eczema and salt rheum. There has yet to be found any form of wound or disease affecting the skin or mucus membrane that Hokara does not heal, and its action is so instantaneous that those who try it are simply delighted with it right from the start.

In spite of its unusual curative powers, the price is trifling. To convince every one of its merits L. M. Buehler will sell a liberal sized jar for 25c.; larger size 50c. And remember that if you do not think it does what it claims, you get your money back. You certainly can afford to try on this plan.

REWARD

"Magnificent"

"The best in town"

"Everybody should see it"

"Well, I am sure no one expected such a display as this in our town"

These are the expressions we hear every day and it certainly is a pleasure to know we are pleasing the people. "Our Town" is as good as any other town and our people have just as much money and buy just as good things for their friends. We have the goods, we believe the people will buy them; they did before and this year increasing effort has been given as a reward.

Exclusive Line of

HOLIDAY GIFTS

PEOPLES' DRUG STORE

Free Sample Aids Old Men

The sudden change from years of activity of both body and mind to the quiet of later years causes the human system to undergo many changes, chief of which is in the digestive organs.

It becomes harder and harder to get the bowels to move promptly and regularly and in consequence many elderly men suffer not only from the basic trouble, constipation, but from indigestion, headache, belching, sour stomach, drowsiness after eating and similar annoyances. It is first of all necessary to keep the bowels open and then to tone the digestive muscles so as to get them to again do their work naturally. A violent cathartic or purgative is not only unnecessary but harmful, and something mild will do the work just as well.

After you have got through experimenting with salts and pills and waters of various kinds, and have become convinced that they do only temporary good at best, then try Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. A mild, gentle, pleasant-tasting laxative tonic that is especially adapted to the requirements of old people, women and children, and yet is effective enough for anybody. Your druggist, who has handled it successfully for a quarter of a century, will sell you a bottle for fifty cents or one dollar, but if you want to make a test of it before spending any money send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and he will gladly send you a sample bottle free of charge.

This remedy is rapidly displacing all other forms of laxative for the cure of stomach, liver and bowel trouble, and families like Mr. O. F. Wisner's of Sycamore, Ill., and Mrs. Carrie Culler's of 235 N. Notre Dame street, South Bend, Ind., are now never without it in the house. They have tested it and know its grand value to every member of the family.

Dr. Caldwell personally will be pleased to give you any medical advice you may desire for yourself or family pertaining to the stomach, liver or bowels absolutely free of charge. Explain your case in a letter and he will reply to you in detail. For the free sample simply send your name and address on a postal card or otherwise. For further request the doctor's address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, R. 521 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

For Sale by the People's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

BANQUET TO-NIGHT

You Can Safely Eat One if You Take Two Mi-o-na Tablets Afterwards. People's Drug Store Guarantees Them.

It is really a pitiful sight to see so many thousands of people worrying about what they can eat and what they can't eat. Dyspeptics, they call themselves, but they stretch the imagination when they do it.

All these people need to make them healthy, cheerful and of sound appetite is a box of Mi-o-na tablets.

The stomach of a dyspeptic is overworked and run down. It needs help to digest the food, but more than that it needs a prescription that will cleanse, renovate, strengthen and put elasticity into the stomach walls.

Mi-o-na is the prescription that will do this and do it so promptly that you'll wonder why you didn't try it before.

It stops belching of gas and distress after eating in five minutes. It is undoubtedly the greatest stomach tonic ever given to the public by a specialist in stomach diseases.

Leading druggists everywhere sell Mi-o-na. People's Drug Store sells it in Gettysburg for 50 cents a large box on the money-back plan. Test samples free from Booth's Mi-o-na, Buffalo, N. Y.

PUBLIC SALE

December 11th, 1909

The undersigned intending to quit housekeeping will sell at public sale in Butler township, one-half mile from Table Rock, the following personal property: 7 head of cattle, consisting of six head of milk cows, these cows will all be fresh between this and the first of April, one young bull weighing about seven hundred pounds, one buggy, one set of harness, household and kitchen furniture, one mahar parlor suit, two cook stoves, Nos. 8 and 6, two iron-plate stoves, one egg stove, two lounges, one-half dozen cane-seated chairs, one-half dozen kitchen chairs, four rocking chairs, buffet, extension table, dining leaf table, four kitchen tables, corner cupboard, sink, two mantles, two churns, bureau, three beds and bedding, two stands, one marble top stand, two clocks, cellar cupboard, carpet by the yard, blinds, jars, pans, crockets, pots, good quilting frame, meat saw, half barrel of vinegar, tubs, two meat benches, jugs, tin ware, cream separator, two new milk cans, apple butter by the crock, iron kettle, brass kettle, smoothing irons, oil-cloth, saddlers tools, baskets, knives, forks, spoons and dishes, hoe makers outfit, wood saw, ax, 60 chickens and many other articles to numerous to mention. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock. Twelve months credit will be given on all sums of \$5.00 and upward purchasers are to give their note with approved security. Terms will be made known by

MRS. ALFRED LOGAN
G. R. Thompson, Auctioneer.
E. C. Lower, Clerk.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we the undersigned will not permit any hunting on our respective premises John F. Kuhn R. D. 2. Gettysburg J. D. Brown, R. F. D. 4 Gettysburg B. Deatrick, Hunterstown. A. J. Spangler, Bonneauville. A. P. Ginter, Bonneauville. Alex. Hoffman, Gettysburg, route 2 B. Cassatt, route 2 Gettysburg. Abraham Hershey, Gettysburg, R. D. 5 C. Gebhart, Bonneauville. C. H. Himes, R. D. 12. Gettysburg Wm. F. Fleming, R. D. 12. Gettysburg Mrs. J. E. Bair, R. D. 6. G. B. D. 6. Chas. G. Taubman, R. D. 5, G. B. 6. Geo. A. Herring, Orrtanna, R. D. 1. Wm. F. Cline, Bendersville, Pa. Miss Sue M. Forney, Gettysburg, R. D. 3 The Misses Bream, R. D. 3, Biglerville

Names of people desiring to warn hunter from their land will be added to the above list which will be carried throughout the entire HUNTING season, for fifty cents. Write or call at the Times office.

WANTED—Several intelligent families having one or more daughter above the age of 14 years to work in a factory, both men and girls can work in the factory. Steady employment, good wages and can furnish good houses at a reasonable rent. Inquire for particulars at The Times office.

WINTER FEEDING OF THE CALVES.

When the winter season rolls around one of the main topics for discussion among breeders is the feeding of calves. An expert on this subject who is connected with the Colorado Agricultural college gives his views as follows: Recently some experiments were made in an attempt to find whether it pays to grain feed steers that are to be carried over on range another season or two. The first question to which an answer was sought was whether it is profitable to winter feed calves destined to be finished and sold as two-year-olds. Some of the calves fed during the winter were given a ration of four pounds per head of corn, with all the alfalfa hay they wanted, while others were fed twenty pounds of sugar beets, with alfalfa hay. These calves gained on the average 250 pounds per head during the winter, only thirty-one pounds less than they gained the next winter as yearlings.

The fall that they were yearlings they weighed 140 pounds per head more than steers of the same crop brought in from the range as yearlings. The next spring they were only 110 pounds heavier, the next fall 90 pounds heavier and the spring they were marketed 30 pounds lighter than the steers brought from the range as yearlings. The gradual decrease in the margin between the two sets of steers indicates that the winter feeding of calves hastened the steers to maturity and consequently lessened their capacity for gain each successive season at a rapid rate.

Another way to look at the question is to compare the gains made each year by the same lot of steers. The lot fed as calves made a gain of 400 pounds per head the first winter and succeeding summer; the next year they made 352 pounds gain per head—already starting down hill, you notice—and the last winter they made a



FINE SPECIMEN OF CALF.

gain of only 223 pounds per head, or 36 pounds per head less than they made the winter they were calves. Considering the year when they were one year old, they made a gain of 431 pounds as against a gain of 285 pounds when two-year-olds. And the steers that were not fed until they were yearlings made a gain of 456 pounds the year that they were two.

Thus any way one wishes to look at the problem the feeding of calves does not appear profitable if they are to be held over for finishing as aged steers. Further results show that the yearling steer makes larger gains on less feed than the two-year-old. The more rapidly you can push a meat animal to maturity the greater the profit.

Cure For Hard Milkers.

Many valuable cows and heifers have been sold at a sacrifice by the owner owing to the fact that they were hard milkers, says the Agriculturalist. The cause of hard milking cows is so little understood by the average stockman that the disposal of such animals is accounted for in that way. But if stockmen knew how easy it is to overcome hard milking in both cows and heifers we are sure that no animal would be disposed of for lack of treatment.

Hard milking is due to an abnormal contraction of the sphincter muscle, regulating the stream of milk from the point of the teat. On the other hand, when a cow loses her milk it is due to a relaxation or an abnormal expansion of the sphincter muscle at the point of the teat.

Good Ewes Should Be Selected.

See to it that the ewes for breeding purposes are not thin and emaciated, for if one has passed through the feeding season and is in this condition there must be something wrong with her. Make sure that there are no broken mouthed or aged ones in your flock. Neither should the ewe be too fat. A good frame is essential for the producing of healthy progeny. The open market is the best place to select your stock, unless some neighbor can accommodate you with a surplus from his flock. The beginner should never select his ewes without having along a competent judge of sheep who will advise with him as to selections.

For Good Cheese.

In making cottage cheese skim milk is allowed to sour, and the curd is then broken up and held at a temperature of about 100 degrees for three to four hours, or until it has become sufficiently firm. The whey is then drained off and the curd placed under slight pressure for a time. The curd is either consumed immediately or is packed in tubs and placed in cold storage. It is prepared for eating by moistening with either milk or cream. Sometimes it is made up into shapes and wrapped in tin foil. No ripening is ever allowed.

Hay's Hair Health



YOU'LL BE SURPRISED TO SEE HOW YOUNG YOU LOOK WHEN YOUR HAIR IS RESTORED TO ITS NATURAL COLOR.

There's no excuse for unsightly gray or faded hair. It makes you look old when you're not—it's unsightly and embarrassing. Hay's Hair Health will bring back the natural color and beauty, and make your hair bright, luxuriant and full of youthful vitality. Stops dandruff and falling out. Purely vegetable and harmless—not a dye.

51 and 50c. BOTTLES, AT DRUGGISTS. Send 2c. for free book "The Care of the Hair." Philo Hay Spec. Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

L. M. BUEHLER, Gettysburg

Have You Kidney Trouble?

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

Go to L. M. Buehler and get a 50c box of BLOODLINE BLOOD AND KIDNEY TABLETS and if they do not help you L. M. Buehler will give you your money back.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that BLOODLINE BLOOD AND KIDNEY TABLETS the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. They correct inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or had effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of BLOODLINE BLOOD AND KIDNEY TABLETS is soon realized. They stand the highest for their wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. By mail 50c. The Bloodline Corp., Boston, Mass.

Norfolk & Western

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 31, 1909.

LEAVE HAGERSTOWN, Md., DAILY
1:45 a. m.—For Luray, Natural Bridge, Roanoke, Pula-ki, Bristol, Bluefield, Pocahontas, Norton and Welch Pullman sleeper. Philadelphia, Welch and Cary. Connects at Roanoke for Winston and Charlotte, N. C. Dining Car.
7:42 a. m.—For Luray, Natural Bridge, Roanoke, Bristol and intermediate stations. Pullman sleeper New York, to Bristol, Tenn. Connects at Roanoke for Bluefield, Pocahontas, Columbus, Cincinnati and the West. Pullman sleeper. Dining Car.
5:55 p. m.—For Luray, Shenandoah, and intermediate stations.

If you are thinking of taking a trip, YOU want quotations, cheapest fares, reliable and correct information, as to routes, train schedules, the most comfortable and quickest way. Write and the information is yours for the asking, with one of our complete Map Folders. W. B. BEVILL, M. F. BRAGG, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Norfolk & Western, Roanoke, Virginia.

High Priced Hides Etc.

Steer Hides 75 lbs. and over 12 cents. Trimmed. Steer Hides 75 lbs. and under 11 cents. Trimmed. Bull Hides all weights 10 cents. Trimmed. Horse Hides ordinary \$3.00, good large \$3.50. Tallow green rendered 3 to 3 1/2 cents per pound. Horse Meat 25 cents per 100 lbs.

In order to get top market prices for your stock you must sell direct to the tannery.

VICTOR W. S. DUTTERA, at Gettysburg Tannery.

Manicuring

Having taken instructions under a specialist I am in position to follow my trade. Hours from 1 to 4 p. m. daily. Price 25 cents. Public patronage solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Will call at your home if desired.

BERTHA J. STANTON,

137 S. Washington St.
Gettysburg, Pa.

H. B. BENDER, Funeral Director

PROMPT SERVICE. EITHER DAY OR NIGHT
Gettysburg, Pa.

Phone Residence 1-02 Arterial 1-02
Nos. 1 Store 912 Cavity 1-02

Eat Ziegler's bread.

INFLUENCE OF COLOR

By ARCHIBALD SPOFFARD.

(Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.)

"Doctor, I have a problem for you to solve. I am aware that you study the science of your profession rather than practice that profession; that your investigations have pertained to the different conditions wherein mind dominates matter and other kindred questions. I have heard that you have even analyzed love between the sexes and are prepared to place men and women in positions where they will love and other positions wherein they will hate one another. Am I right?"

"Partly. We are all affected by our environment. Bad weather, for instance, makes us quarrelsome."

"But we cannot control the weather, and the problem I have for you is to produce love. As you know, I am immensely wealthy. My wealth must all go in time to Isabel, my only child. She is now trying to decide between two men. One of them I wish her to marry; to the other I have serious objections. She will not be influenced by me. Can you instruct me how to influence her by natural causes?"

"I can suggest a method for you to try," the doctor replied. "If you can bring about the necessary conditions. Arrange, if possible, that your daughter, when the man you prefer is with her, shall receive him in rooms decorated with soft colors harmoniously blended. Let some of the apartments be entirely of green. Arrange also that when she is with the man you oppose the rooms shall be all hung in red."

"Do you really think?"

"I have observed," the doctor continued, interrupting, "that people with green surroundings are likely to be amiable, whereas when shut up together in red they are predisposed to quarrel."

Mr. Percival Smythe resolved to try the experiment. He sent decorators to his country house with orders to decorate certain suits in red, others in predominant green. His daughter had determined to invite both the men she was to choose from to spend the winter holidays at this country house. They were Dwight Williams, whom her father favored, and Russell Barnes, whom she slightly preferred.

Mr. Smythe intended to be at the house continuously and see that the doctor's instructions were carried out. Nevertheless he was detained in the city for a few days, and Mr. Barnes arrived before both him and his rival. The result was that the young lady passed several days with her favorite in whatever rooms she liked. He naturally selected the green rooms.

When her father arrived he told him that it was useless for Williams to put in an appearance since she had about decided to accept the other man. Mr. Smythe begged her to wait a week, wrote Mr. Williams to delay his coming and put decorators in the green rooms, ostensibly to make changes. This forced his daughter to pass the time spent with Mr. Barnes in the red rooms.

After three days she told her father he might send for his favorite. She had discovered certain disagreeable traits in Mr. Barnes that she had not looked for. Mr. Smythe telegraphed his friend to come at once, changed the decorators from the green to the red room and invited Mr. Barnes to go a-bunting with him.

Mr. Williams was thus left free to press his suit with the lady, using the green room. Mr. Smythe kept Mr. Barnes with him for a week, and when they returned he was informed by his daughter that she had been surprised to find Mr. Williams far more amiable than Mr. Barnes.

Meanwhile Mr. Smythe had determined to unite his fortune with that of another multimillionaire. He shut up the green rooms, thus forcing his daughter and her two lovers into those hung with red. Within a few hours a triangular quarrel occurred. It was natural that the rivals should be at swords' points, but in this case the antagonism extended to the lady. After being very abusive to both she went to her father and told him to send them both away since she would have neither.

Mr. Smythe did not need to be so discourteous since both his guests made excuses to leave before the expected time. The new man, Mr. Oswald Ream, came soon afterward. The red rooms were now locked and bolted, and the newcomer was turned into the green suit with the young lady.

The father watched anxiously for the result he desired. It did not come. The couple seemed to be fairly well pleased with each other, but made no visible headway toward a betrothal. The period of their intended stay in the country was approaching an end, and Mr. Smythe became impatient. He wrote to the author of the color plan giving a statement of the results of his treatment up to date and received the following reply:

Put them occasionally, for short periods, into the red suit.

Mr. Smythe did not understand the object of the doctor's change of treatment, but had great confidence in him and carried out his instructions. Three doses of the new medicine were required before results were obtained. Then Mr. Smythe noticed an estrangement which gave signs of being a lovers' quarrel. Mr. Ream announced his intended departure. Mr. Smythe detained him and soon after turned the couple again into the green suit.

When the party returned to the city the medical scientist who had suggested the experiment received a check for \$5,000 accompanied by a note stating that his prescription had worked admirably and the lady was engaged to a suitor who would add \$5,000,000 to what she would possess.

Makes the most nutritious food and the most dainty and delicious

Royal

Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

No fretting over the biscuit making. Royal is first aid to many a cook's success

Another Heat Coming.

An Irishman had recently buried his wife. As he sat one evening disconsolate in the doorway of his farmhouse a woman neighbor thought she'd play a joke on him. She came up behind him covered with a white sheet and tapped him on the shoulder. He turned from the ghost with a yell and started off across the fields on a run, followed by the woman. After a short



STARTED OFF ACROSS THE FIELDS.

run his breath failed him, and he staggered against a tree, panting. The woman, still dressed in the terrifying sheet, caught up with him here.

"Mike," says she, "we had a fine run, didn't we?"

"Yes," says Mike, with fear in his eye, "and begob we will have another as soon as I get me wind back."

Scrap Book

Wanting In Grit.

At one of the fashionable seaside resorts on a beautiful evening last summer a handsome couple promenaded the beach until they were tired and then threw themselves on the sand to rest. The young woman watched the waves, while the young man toyed with the moonlit sand, tossing it from hand to hand.

"Reginald, dear, you puckered up your lips just then as if you were going to kiss me," said the beautiful creature languorously as she glanced at her companion.

"I intended to," replied Reginald hesitatingly, "but I seem to have got some sand in my mouth."

"For heaven's sake, swallow it," exclaimed the young lady. "You need it badly in your system!"

Got His Man.

Some years ago in Egypt General Hunter was at dinner with some friends when one of his orderlies entered the room and said there was a messenger outside anxious to see him. General Hunter could not leave the table at that moment and told the orderly so.

"What shall I do with him, then, sir?" asked the orderly.

"Oh, knock him down!" said Hunter impatiently as he turned to his dinner.

Five minutes later the man returned bearing obvious marks of the fray. He saluted stiffly and said to the astonished general, "I had a bit of a job, sir, but I knocked him down at the finish."

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having purchased the butchering business of the late J. Ed. Reiling on Chambersbury street, I will be ready, beginning Wednesday evening, to serve the public with all kinds of fresh meats. Also smoked ham, breakfast bacon, shoulder, corn beef and all kinds of meats.

J. H. HEMLER

UNITED PHONE

A GUARANTEE WORTH SOMETHING.

Since giving free service to our consumers we have shown you the interest we take in your gas appliance after they are installed by us in your home and store.

There is an insurance of satisfaction in this.

What other purchase that you make carries a like guarantee?

You can always feel sure in buying a gas lamp or gas appliance from us that "we" are back of it to the last ditch. If it will not work right, we will make it do so, and any thing we sell we guarantee. We exercise such care in choosing the things we sell, that our guarantee never causes us any worry.

Have you seen our line of Gas Fixtures and Gas Reading Lamps? If not you had better take a look before you buy.

GETTYSBURG GAS CO.

WANTED—Hay and straw. The undersigned will pay the highest market price for hay and straw. Loose in the mow, or baled. Write or phone to Rhinehart and Hoffman, Biglerville, Pa.

Buy the Sprenkle favorite Sewing Machine, \$20, \$25, \$30 and \$35. Pay \$2.00 down, balance 50 cents per week. One Rotary White to close at \$32.50. C. A. Sprenkle.

Home Course In Live Stock Farming

XIII.—Swine Management.

By C. V. GREGORY,
Author of "Home Course in Modern
Agriculture," "Making Money on
the Farm," Etc.

THERE are two general types of swine—bacon and fat. The principal fat hog breeds are Poland-China, Duroc-Jersey, Berkshire and Chester White. These breeds are especially adapted to the corn belt. Here corn is the principal feed, and the fat hog fits in naturally. The principal bacon breeds are Tamworth and Yorkshire. The Hampshire is intermediate between the two types. The bacon hogs are better suited to those localities where corn is not grown to any extent. Skim milk, peas and pasture are among the principal crops used in raising bacon hogs.



FIG. XXIV.—THE FAT HOG TYPE.

qualities of both breeds, but when these crossbred animals are bred among themselves the good points rapidly disappear, and in a few years only the bad ones are left.

Fat Hog Type.

The fat hog should be low set, wide and long. The ribs should be well sprung to give width to the back and loin and should extend well down the sides. The head should be short and wide, with a short, thick neck. The shoulders should be well laid in at the top, and there should be no depression back of them. A lack of heart girth is a fault often found in otherwise good hogs. The sides should be deep and free from wrinkles. Both fore and hind flanks should be well filled. The hind quarters should be fairly long from the hips back and the hams well filled down to the hocks. Viewed from the side, the back should be slightly arched. Swaybacks are very bad, especially in brood sows. The underline should be level. Viewed from behind, the hind quarters should be wide and full and the width of body even from one end to the other. Some hogs have good width in front, but narrow off badly behind. The legs should be strong, and the hog should stand up well on his toes. Any weakness of the pasterns should cause a hog to be discriminated against for breeding purposes. Constitution, as shown by deep, wide chest and general vigor, is very important. Quality of hair, skin, limbs and head should also be looked for. If those who are in the business of raising hogs for the market would take note of these easy means of identifying the profitable animal much disappointment would be avoided. It matters not what the breed, it is necessary to apply this discriminating process in each individual case.

In some cases breeders have gone to extremes in producing show animals and have bred hogs that are compact, chubby and good to look at, but almost worthless for breeding purposes. The breeding sow to be profitable must be of good size, rather loosely built and with a roomy middle piece. The boar should be vigorous and active. A boar of this kind that is a little rangy is to be preferred to one of the chubby type that is sluggish and slow on his feet. While compactness and fine points are desirable, the farmer cannot afford to obtain them at the expense of profitable sized litters.

In the bacon type length and depth are sought for especially, without so much regard to width. Larger legs and a longer and sharper face are allowable, and the hams are deeper rather than full and wide. One of the greatest essentials of a bacon hog is quality. The bone must be clean and not coarse, the shoulders exceedingly compact and the hide smooth and pliable.

Handling Breeding Stock.

In selecting breeding stock, besides paying attention to the character of the individuals, their ancestors should also be considered. It is very important that they come from prolific strains, since much of the profit or loss in the hog business depends on the size of the litters. In case you are breeding hogs for sale as breeders it is necessary to select animals of strains that are in demand.

It is a general practice to breed sows in the fall, when they are about eight months old. Then as soon as the pigs are weaned the sows are fattened and sold. The argument in favor of

this plan is that it saves the expense of keeping the sows throughout the summer. If a good pasture is available, however, this expense will not amount to much. The use of mature sows will bring in a profit that will much more than pay the cost of keeping them throughout the summer. In a number of experiments that have been conducted along this line it has been found that sows two years old or over at farrowing time produce nearly 30 per cent more pigs than yearling sows. The pigs from the two-year-old sows were considerably larger at birth and made 25 per cent faster gains afterward. Old sows are much less liable to trouble at farrowing time, and they give a great deal more milk than young sows do.

Another general practice is to use a seven or eight months' old boar for breeding purposes. This results in smaller litters and smaller and less vigorous pigs. The boar should be at least a year old at time of service. A boar that proves to be a satisfactory sire should be kept until his daughters reach breeding age, if not longer.

If warm farrowing quarters can be provided, late March or early April is the best time for the sows to farrow. The pigs are then in good shape to make rapid gains on grass all summer. Where the climate is cold or good accommodations for the sows cannot be provided it is better to have the pigs come a little later.

The boar should be kept in a pen by himself or with a few bred sows if he worries too much and the sows are brought to him to be bred. One service is as good as half a dozen. The sow should be taken away as soon as served and a record of the service made. An aged, vigorous boar may be allowed two sows a day when handled in this way. A breeding crate is an advantage unless the boar and sow are about the same size. When the boar is allowed to run with the sows all the time his strength is wasted by worrying and repeated services, and he is less sure. The dates of breeding cannot be kept in this way, so that when farrowing time comes there is no means of knowing when to expect the pigs. Sows should not be fat at farrowing time, but should be in good thrifty condition and should be kept so throughout the winter. Plenty of exercise is also essential if vigorous pigs are to be produced.

When the pigs come early and old sows are used fall litters may often be raised at a profit. This is especially so if plenty of milk can be had. The cost of feed is greater with fall litters because of lack of grass. There are also considerable loss and lack of profitable gains unless good shelter can be provided. Individual conditions, together with a few trials, will determine whether or not fall pigs can be profitably grown for market. When raised for breeding purposes fall pigs can always be sold at a good profit as yearlings.

Central Versus Colony System.
There are two general plans of handling hogs, the centralized system and the colony system. The central system consists of one large hog house where all the hogs are kept both winter and summer. The colony system consists of a number of small houses, each with its pasture. These small houses can be moved up close to the other buildings for convenience in winter.

The central system is an advantage in winter, as warmer quarters can be provided. It is also much more convenient to feed and handle hogs when they are all together in this manner. The advantage of the colony system is that the houses can be moved from place to place wherever they are needed. There is less liability of disease when the hogs are kept in small droves, and disease can be more readily handled if it does break out. The pigs can be sorted according to size and will do better than if they all run together. This system also has the advantage of cheapness. The main disadvantage is that it is a great deal more work to care for the hogs in scattered lots.

On most farms a combination of the two systems will be found desirable. Some individual houses will be needed to house the pigs when they are running on the different fields and for ex-



FIG. XXV.—THE BACON HOG TYPE.

tra farrowing pens. At the same time a central house is almost indispensable for the fattening hogs, for the breeding stock in winter and for the sows that farrow early.

A cement floor made according to directions given in article 2 will be most satisfactory for the central house. It must be kept well bedded, as the bare floor is hard, damp and cold. Some breeders use a false floor of boards on the sleeping pens. The pen partitions should be removable so that several pens can be thrown together for fattening hogs. There should be enough windows to supply plenty of light. If the building faces the south the roof should be of half monitor shape to furnish light to the north pens. This is not necessary if the building runs north and south, since there will then be an equal amount of light on each side. The best style of movable house is the A shape, built in 4 by 4 runners. A floor is an advantage in wet weather.

KRALLTOWN

Kralltown, Dec. 7.—The institute at this place was largely attended Saturday evening.

The Red Run Sabbath School will hold their Christmas entertainment on Christmas eve.

T. C. Griffin, wife, daughter, Edith, and son, Norman, spent Sunday with Clarence T. Griffin and wife.

Messrs. Anderson, B. F. Krall, Henry Gochmour, John Krall, Jr., and Harry Border, of this place, are spending the week in the mountains in the vicinity of Idaville on a trapping tour.

Maurice Grass, wife and daughter, of York, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Grass' parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Grass.

John Smith and family, of Rheems, Lancaster county, spent last week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Smith and other relatives in this vicinity.

M. R. Deardorff was confined to the house several days last week by sickness.

M. H. Gochenour and wife, who spent about seven months in Kansas and other Western points have again returned home.

A. J. Thompson, wife and daughter, spent Sunday with John Grass and family.

Mrs. May Spahr, who spent some time visiting friends in Dillsburg, has again returned home.

Butchering in full blast. Solomon Groft and B. F. Hinkle have every day engaged on the job until in February, 1910.

EAST BERLIN

East Berlin, Dec. 7.—Quite a number of the members of the P. O. S. of A. camp of East Berlin visited the Hanover camp on Thursday night. They were well pleased with their trip as they were treated with kindness. Should the Hanover camp or any other camp visit East Berlin they can feel assured that they will be treated the same.

Mr. Lapham moved last week to the house of John Jacobs. Dr. R. E. Lau purchased the Hildebrand property on Main street on private terms and will take possession Jan. 1st.

Paul Chronister and John D. W. Baughman, of the Round Hill, made a business trip to this place one day last week.

Miss Lydia Baughman visited friends in the vicinity of Round Hill last week.

The butchering season has come again and our butchers are kept busy with their meat grinders and sausage stuffers.

N. Brown bought a hog from M. Rebert and made its guess within one pound.

Peter Kimmel, returned to East Berlin from his Western trip.

The sewing factory of this place opened up on Monday morning with twenty eight hands.

UNCONSCIOUS GOOD.

By F. A. MITCHEL.
[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

I was an artist struggling for recognition. I had painted picture after picture in the hope of winning reputation and had failed. A friend said to me, "Paint something from the heart."

I resolved to take his advice. Months passed while I was trying to find a subject. Then I decided to attempt to paint the face of a good woman. She might be beautiful, but she must be good. Then I hunted a long while for a model. I found none. There were comely models and there were models who were good, but the good was not stamped upon the features to a degree required. At last I gave up trying to find a model except for the purely physical part of the picture. I selected one who would do very well in this respect and put her face on the canvas. Then I paid her and sent her away.

My work now commenced. I should not call it work, for creation is not work. If it is work it is worthless. And yet what I did was work. This I knew, because it was worthless. I painted over my canvas till the paint was too thick to take on more, then transferred the face to another and recommenced. Three months passed. I had made several such transfers, and every canvas had become a daub. Finally I transferred the face once more and, before beginning to put on what I was attempting, decided to take a rest.

I soon began to think that my rest so far as that especial picture was concerned would never end. It seemed to me that to produce a face typical of the good without a model must necessarily be a failure.

One day I saw a girl in a trolley car. She sat directly opposite me. What man is there who has not seen some woman for the first time and said to himself, "That's the woman I wish for my wife." This I said to myself. I sat for a long while looking at the face, and when the girl at last got out of the car it was indelibly fixed in my memory.

I went to my studio and put it on canvas. Before I arose from my seat

UPPER HUNTINGTON

Upper Huntington, Dec. 7.—Mrs. Isaac T. Spertzel and grandson, Claire Chronister, spent several days quite recently with friends at Harrisburg.

Misses Gifford and Naomi Hummel, of Fairfield, spent last week with their sister, Mrs. Charles R. Slaybaugh.

Arthur Burkholder and wife, of Allentown, visited the latter's brother, William Delp and family on Monday last.

Miss Stella C. Tate visited the family of J. W. Slaybaugh recently.

The protracted meeting is still in progress at Flint Ridge Chapel. Rev. Mr. Stanford, ex-bishop of the Evangelical conference of Harrisburg, preached to a crowded house on Sunday evening.

FOUNTAIN DALE

Fountain Dale, Dec. 7.—Henry Tresler killed a hog last week which made two cans of lard.

Master Carroll Linebaugh is on the sick list.

W. C. Tresler and daughter, Hazel, spent Sunday with John Kugler and family near Liberty Hall.

Misses Ada Stern and Annie Gantz, spent Sunday with Miss Mabel Gantz.

W. C. Tresler killed a hog last week that weighed 412 lbs.

Fire broke out Thursday morning on the mountain back of W. C. Tresler's, burning over about seven acres of timber land before it could be extinguished.

Misses May Kogler and Hazel Tresler spent Sunday evening with Ira Linebaugh and family.

John Creager and family have moved from Fountain Dale to Emmitsburg where he will be engaged in keeping a livery stable.

Miss Mable Gantz and Mrs. Amanda Carbaugh also Miss Carrie McInavine went with them and were brought back by Mr. Walter R. Creager.

At the easel my object was accomplished—that is, the expression I desired to produce was there.

When my picture was finished I submitted it to several critical people. They all pointed out its faults, but if what I had so coveted was there none of them discovered it. However, I had sufficient influence to secure a place for my production in a prominent gallery. It was hung near a famous picture. I watched the throngs pass mine seeking for its great rival. "Where is it?" they all asked referring to the latter. "There!" They approached it reverently and stood gazing on it admiringly.

"If this picture is so great why do these people need to have it pointed out to them?" I asked.

But there may have been envy in my heart.

Occasionally one would pause before my picture, but not for long, and I soon gave up hope that it would secure me recognition.

While it was hanging in its place I was a frequent visitor to the gallery. I loved to look at it. Was this because it pictured the face that had attracted me or because I believed in my heart that after all this neglect I had achieved in it an expression of the good? I did not know.

One day while I was in the room where it was hanging who should enter but the girl I had seen in the trolley. Like the others, she asked that the famous picture be pointed out to her, spent some time before it, then glanced at others till her eye lighted on my production. At once she went to it and stood looking at it intently. When she had spent a long while thus I approached, took position beside her and looked up at it myself.

"Pardon me," I said to her. "Can you tell me who painted this picture?"

"No. I know nothing about art or artists."

"Do you admire it?"

"I don't know. I would love to be like it."

"It seems to me," I said, looking from the face on the canvas to hers of flesh and blood, "that it is like you."

"Do you think so?" she said. "It seemed to me that there is something in the shape, the features and all that resembling me, but there is something else I would wish were mine and is not."

"And that is?"

"I can't tell you. It seems to me such a look as should be in pictures of the mother of God."

A flood of light, of comfort, poured in upon my brain. Possessing the gift I had transferred from her to the canvas, she recognized it at once, but not in herself—only in the picture.

That was a long while ago. Several years passed, during which my production, so far as I could discover, attracted little or no attention. Then here and there I would see a notice, a newspaper item, that people were beginning to observe it. Then it began to be spoken of as a favorite. Now it is pointed out as a work of art.

Why is this? I don't know. I have a theory, but do not place much confidence in it. It is this: Like assimilates like. The musician recognizes music; a poetic nature recognizes poetry. The pure see purity—not in themselves, in others. But purity is rare. In the throngs that have seen my picture a few have seen themselves reproduced in it. Not recognizing themselves, they have been drawn to it. They have told the others.

In his book "Swine in America" Secretary Coburn of Kansas cites the case of a Colorado swine raiser who had ex-

Look at this List

You can surely find something nice to give. The assortment is large and the price is very reasonable.

Men's Women's and Children's Shoes.		
Clothing of all kinds for men and boys		
Neckties	Sweaters	Underwear
Slippers	Silk Mufflers	Socks
Suspenders	Handkerchiefs	Gloves
Collars	Cuffs	Shirts
Caps	Rubber Boots	Umbrellas

"Useful For Christmas Gifts"

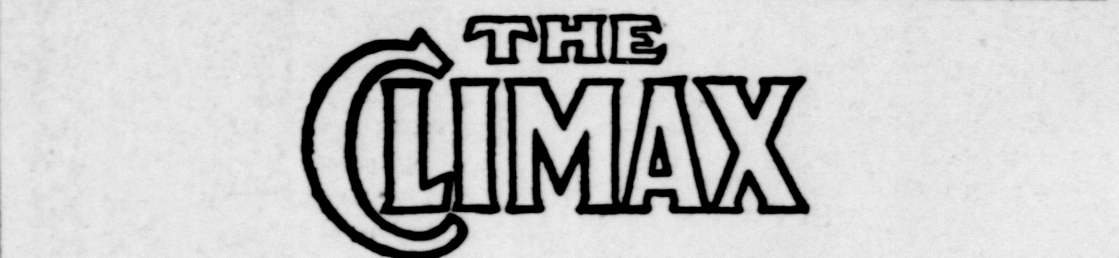
O. H. LESTZ, Centre Square & Carlisle St., Gettysburg, Pa.

Store open every evening.

Bargains in Millinery

Closing out this season's stock Everything reduced. Special sale on TRIMMED HATS

Bertha E. Eldredge, Biglerville, Pa.



One of the wholesome offerings of the season will be "The Climax," a serio-comic drama in three acts by Edward Locke, the young American playwright. The engagement is announced for Walter Theatre, Wednesday, December 8. Joseph M. Weber stands sponsor for the entertainment.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O., old by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Keeley Send your friends with the drug or drink habit to the Keeley Institute. 30 years of successful cures. Write for particulars. ONLY KEELEY INSTITUTE IN EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA 812 N. Broad St., Phila.

Private Sale

I offer at private sale a house and lot and all necessary outbuildings located on Centennial Street, Fairfield, Pa. now occupied by C. B. Reindollar. House contains seven rooms, large stable and fine well of water. Possession April 1st, 1910.

J. J. REINDOLLAR

Eat Zeigler's Bread.

cellent success with Hubbard squashes as a fattening ration for his pigs, securing a given result in one-half the time that he could with corn. He cut the squashes in pieces and fed them raw, the hogs eating them up clean, shell and all.

Rheumatic Pains

"My mother is a great sufferer from rheumatism, and Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills is the only remedy that relieves her."

MRS. G. DAVENPORT, Roycefield, N. J.

The pains of rheumatism are almost invariably relieved with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They also overcome that nervous irritation which prevents sleep because they soothe the nerves. To chronic sufferers they are invaluable. When taken as directed, they relieve the distress and save the weakening influence of pain, which so frequently prostrates. Many sufferers use them whenever occasion requires with the greatest satisfaction, why not you? They do not derange the stomach nor create a habit. Why not try them? Get a package from your druggist. Take it according to directions, and if it does not benefit he will return your money.